### THE COMPANIES ACT NO 71 OF 2008

(as amended)

# MEMORANDUM OF INCORPORATION

of

# MOTUS HOLDINGS LIMITED

## A PUBLIC COMPANY

REGISTRATION NUMBER: 2017/451730/06

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#### 1 INTERPRETATION

- 1.1 In this Memorandum of Incorporation, unless the context clearly indicates a contrary intention, the following words and expressions bear the meanings assigned to them and cognate expressions bear corresponding meanings –
- 1.1.1 "Act" means the Companies Act, No.71 of 2008, as amended, consolidated or re-enacted from time to time, including all Schedules to such Act and the Regulations;
- 1.1.2 "Board" means the board of Directors from time to time of the Company;
- 1.1.3
   "Certificated Securities" means Securities issued by the Company that are not Uncertificated Securities;
- 1.1.4"Central Securities Depositary" has the meaning set out in section 1<br/>of the Financial Markets Act;
- 1.1.5"Commission" means the Companies and Intellectual Property<br/>Commission established by section 185;
- 1.1.6 "**Company**" means the company named on the first page of this document, duly incorporated under the registration number endorsed thereon;
- 1.1.7 **"Deferred Ordinary Shares**" means the deferred ordinary no par value shares in the stated capital of the Company having the preferences, rights, limitations and other terms associated with such shares set out in **Annexure "A"** hereto;
- 1.1.8 "Director" means a member of the Board as contemplated in section 66, or an alternate director, and includes any person occupying the position of a director or alternate director, by whatever name designated;
- 1.1.9 "Disposal" or "disposal" means, in the context of a disposal of a Share -
- 1.1.9.1the transfer of all or any rights making up such Share to any<br/>other person for his benefit and/or for the benefit of others,<br/>whether such transfer is effected pursuant to a sale, exchange,<br/>donation, distribution *in specie* or otherwise; or
- 1.1.9.2any other transaction or event whereby such Share becomes<br/>beneficially owned by someone other than the person who was

the beneficial holder thereof immediately prior to such transaction or event taking place; or

- 1.1.9.3 granting, creating or allowing the Encumbrance of such Share,
- and "**dispose**" means to bring about a disposal within the meaning of this definition;
- 1.1.10"Electronic Communication" has the meaning set out in section 1 of<br/>the Electronic Communications and Transactions Act, No 25 of 2002;
- 1.1.11 **"Encumbrance**" means any right of first refusal, purchase right, option or any other restriction of any kind on ownership, transfer, use, possession, receipt of income from or any other exercise of any attribute of ownership, including any mortgage, pledge, lien or other security interest;
- 1.1.12"Financial Markets Act" means the Financial Markets Act, No.19 of<br/>2012, including any amendment, consolidation or re-enactment thereof;
- 1.1.13 "IFRS" means the International Financial Reporting Standards, as adopted from time to time by the Board of the International Accounting Standards Committee, or its successor body, and approved for use in the Republic from time to time by the Financial Reporting Standards Council established in terms of section 203;
- 1.1.14 "**Initial Issues**" means the initial issue or issues by the Company of, in aggregate:
- 1.1.14.17 699 360 Deferred Ordinary Shares to Ukhamba HoldingsProprietaryLimited(RF)(registrationnumber1998/017702/07); and
- 1.1.14.2201 971 450 Ordinary Shares to Imperial Holdings Limited<br/>(registration number 1946/021048/06);
- 1.1.15"JSE" means the exchange, licensed under the Financial Markets Act,<br/>operated by JSE Limited (registration number 2005/022939/06), a<br/>public company duly incorporated in the Republic;
- 1.1.16"JSE Listings Requirements" means the Listings Requirements of the<br/>JSE applicable from time to time;
- 1.1.17 "Ordinary Shares" means ordinary no par value Shares;
- 1.1.18 "Ordinary Shareholder" means a Shareholder holding Ordinary

Shares;

- 1.1.19
   "Participant" has the meaning set out in section 1 of the Financial Markets Act;
- 1.1.20 "Preference Shares" means the non-redeemable, non-participating no par value preference shares in the stated capital of the Company having the preferences, rights, limitations and other terms associated with such shares set out in Annexure "B" hereto;
- 1.1.21 **"Redeemable Preference Shares**" means the redeemable, nonparticipating no par value preference shares in the stated capital of the Company having the preferences, rights, limitations and other terms associated with such shares set out in Article 40.13.4 of **Annexure "A"** hereto;
- 1.1.22"Regulations" means the regulations published in terms of the Act from<br/>time to time;
- 1.1.23 "Republic" means the Republic of South Africa;
- 1.1.24 "Rules" means any rules as contemplated in section 15(3) to (6);
- 1.1.25 "Securities" means any Shares, debentures or other instruments, irrespective of their form or title, issued or authorised to be issued by the Company;
- 1.1.26 **"Securities Register**" means the register contemplated in section 50(1);
- 1.1.27"SENS" means the Stock Exchange News Service as contemplated in<br/>the JSE Listings Requirements;
- 1.1.28"Share" means one of the units into which the proprietary interest in<br/>the Company is divided;
- 1.1.29"Shareholder" means the holder of a Share and who is entered as such<br/>in the Securities Register, subject to the provisions of section 57;
- 1.1.30"Solvency and Liquidity Test" has the meaning attributed thereto in<br/>section 4;
- 1.1.31"Uncertificated Securities" has the meaning set out in section 1 of<br/>the Financial Markets Act;
- 1.1.32 "Uncertificated Securities Register" means the record of

uncertificated securities administered and maintained by a Participant or Central Securities Depositary, as determined in accordance with the rules of the Central Securities Depositary, and which forms part of the Securities Register.

- 1.2 In this Memorandum of Incorporation, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise –
- 1.2.1words and expressions defined in the Act and which are not defined<br/>herein shall have the meanings given to them in the Act;
- 1.2.2 a reference to the Act shall include reference to the Regulations;
- 1.2.3a reference to a section by number refers to the corresponding section<br/>of the Act;
- 1.2.4a reference to an Article by number refers to a corresponding provision<br/>of this Memorandum of Incorporation;
- 1.2.5 in any instance where there is a conflict between a provision (be it expressed, implied or tacit) of this Memorandum of Incorporation and -
- 1.2.5.1 a provision of any agreement entered into between Shareholders as contemplated in section 15(7), the provision of this Memorandum of Incorporation shall prevail to the extent of the conflict;
- 1.2.5.2an alterable provision of the Act, the provision of this<br/>Memorandum of Incorporation shall prevail to the extent of the<br/>conflict;
- 1.2.5.3 an unalterable provision of the Act, subject to the provisions of Article 1.2.5.4, the unalterable provision of the Act shall prevail to the extent of the conflict unless the Memorandum of Incorporation imposes on the Company a higher standard, greater restriction, longer period of time or similarly more onerous requirement, in which event the relevant provision of this Memorandum of Incorporation shall prevail to the extent of the conflict;
- 1.2.5.4 an unalterable provision of the Act amended after the date of adoption of this Memorandum of Incorporation or any amendment of the relevant provision of this Memorandum of Incorporation, the amended unalterable provision of the Act shall prevail to the extent of the conflict;

- 1.2.5.5 an exemption granted by the Companies Tribunal to the Company in terms of section 6(2) from any prohibition or requirement established by or in terms of an unalterable provision of the Act, the exemption shall prevail to the extent of the conflict;
- 1.2.6 headings are for convenience only and are not to be used in its interpretation;
- 1.2.7 an expression which denotes -
- 1.2.7.1 any gender includes the other genders;
- 1.2.7.2 a natural person includes a juristic person and *vice versa*; and
- 1.2.7.3 the singular includes the plural and *vice versa*;
- 1.2.8 if the due date for performance of any obligation in terms of this Memorandum of Incorporation is a day which is not a business day then (unless otherwise stipulated), the due date for performance of the relevant obligation shall be the immediately succeeding business day;
- 1.2.9 any words or expressions defined in any Article shall, unless the application of any such word or expression is specifically limited to that Article, bear the meaning assigned to such word or expression throughout the whole of this Memorandum of Incorporation;
- 1.2.10 any reference to a notice shall be construed as a reference to a written notice, and shall include a notice which is transmitted electronically in a manner and form permitted in terms of the Act and/or the Regulations;
- 1.2.11 Notwithstanding that any paragraph in this MOI provides that the consent or approval of the JSE is required, such consent or approval shall only be required if and for as long as any of the securities of the Company remain listed on the JSE.
- 1.3 Any reference in this Memorandum of Incorporation to –
- 1.3.1 "days" shall be construed as calendar days unless qualified by the word
   "business", in which instance a "business day" will be any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday as gazetted by the government of the Republic from time to time;
- 1.3.2"law" means any law of general application, as amended and re-enacted<br/>from time to time, and includes the common law and any statute,<br/>constitution, decree, treaty, regulation, directive, ordinance, by-law,

order or any other enactment of legislative measure of government (including local and provincial government) statutory or regulatory body which has the force of law; and

- 1.3.3 "writing" means legible writing and includes printing, typewriting, lithography or any other mechanical process, as well as any electronic communication in a manner and a form permitted in terms of the Act and/or the Regulations.
- 1.4 The words "include" and "including" mean "include without limitation" and "including without limitation". The use of the words "include" and "including" followed by a specific example or examples shall not be construed as limiting the meaning of the general wording preceding it.
- 1.5 Unless otherwise provided, defined terms appearing in this Memorandum of Incorporation in title case shall be given their meaning as defined, while the same terms appearing in lower case shall be interpreted in accordance with their plain English meaning.
- 1.6 Unless specifically otherwise provided, any number of days prescribed shall be determined by excluding the first and including the last day or, where the last day falls on a day that is not a business day, the next succeeding business day.
- 1.7 Where figures are referred to in numerals and in words, and there is any conflict between the two, the words shall prevail, unless the context indicates a contrary intention.
- 1.8 Any reference herein to "**this Memorandum of Incorporation**" shall be construed as a reference to this Memorandum of Incorporation as amended from time to time.

## 2 JURISTIC PERSONALITY

- 2.1 The Company is a public company in terms of the Act.
- 2.2 The Company is incorporated in accordance with and governed by -
- 2.2.1 the unalterable provisions of the Act, save to the extent that this Memorandum of Incorporation does not impose on the Company a higher standard, greater restriction, longer period of time or similarly more onerous requirement;
- 2.2.2 the alterable provisions of the Act, subject to the limitations, extensions, variations or substitutions set out in this Memorandum of Incorporation;
- 2.2.3 the other provisions of this Memorandum of Incorporation.

#### 3 NAME OF COMPANY

The name of the Company is "Motus Holdings Limited".

#### 4 **POWERS OF THE COMPANY**

- 4.1 The Company has all of the legal powers and capacity contemplated in the Act, and no provision contained in this Memorandum of Incorporation should be interpreted or construed as negating, limiting, or restricting those powers in any way whatsoever.
- 4.2 Except to the extent that this Memorandum of Incorporation provides otherwise,
   the legal powers and capacity of the Company are not subject to any restrictions,
   limitations or qualifications, as contemplated in section 19(1)(b)(ii).

### 5 **RESTRICTIVE CONDITIONS**

This Memorandum of Incorporation does not contain any restrictive conditions applicable to the Company as contemplated in section 15(2)(b) or (c).

#### 6 SHARES AND VARIATION OF RIGHTS

- 6.1 The Company is authorised to issue -
- 6.1.1 394 999 000 (three hundred and ninety-four million nine hundred and ninety-nine thousand) Ordinary Shares, each of which ranks pari passu in respect of all rights and entitles the holder to [L.R. S10.5(a)] 6.1.1.1 vote on any matter to be decided by the Shareholders of the Company and to 1 (one) vote in the case of a vote by means of a poll [L.R. S10.5(b)]; 6.1.1.2 participate proportionally in any distribution made by the Company in respect of its holding of Shares; and 6.1.1.3 receive proportionally the net assets of the Company upon its liquidation. 6.1.2 10 000 000 (ten million) Deferred Ordinary Shares; and 6.1.3 40 000 000 (forty million) Preference Shares; and 6.1.4 2 000 000 (two million) Redeemable Preference Shares. 6.2 The creation, authorisation and classification of Shares, the subdivision or consolidation of Shares, amendments to the numbers of authorised Shares of

each class, the conversion of one class of Shares into one or more other classes

of Shares and variations to the preferences, rights, limitations and other terms associated with any class of Shares as set out in this Memorandum of Incorporation may be changed only by an amendment of this Memorandum of Incorporation by special resolution and in accordance with the JSE Listings Requirements [L.R. S10.5(d)(i) - (vi), L.R. S10.9(c)].

- 6.3 All allocations of Shares will be rounded down resulting in allocations of whole Shares and no fractional Shares. In the event that any allocation would have resulted in a fractional Share but for the provisions of this article, the fraction will be treated in line with the provisions of the JSE Listings Requirements, as amended from time to time.
- 6.4 Each Share issued by the Company has associated with it an irrevocable right of the Shareholder to vote on any proposal to amend the preferences, rights, limitations and other terms associated with that Share. If any amendment to this Memorandum of Incorporation relates to the variation of any preferences, rights, limitation and other terms associated with any class of Shares already in issue, such amendments shall not be implemented without a special resolution adopted by the holders of Shares of that class at a separate meeting. In instances where the relevant class of Shares is a class other than the Ordinary Shares, the holders of Shares of that class will, subject to the provisions of Article 19.2, also be entitled to vote at the meeting of Ordinary Shareholders where the amendment is tabled for approval **[L.R. S10.5(e)]**.
- 6.5 No Shares may be authorised in respect of which the preferences, rights, limitations or any other terms of any class of Shares may be varied in response to any objectively ascertainable external fact or facts as provided for in sections 37(6) and 37(7) **[L.R. S10(5)(g)]**.
- 6.6 The Board may, subject to Article 6.10 and the further provisions of this Article 6.6, resolve to issue Shares of the Company at any time, but only -
- 6.6.1 within the classes and to the extent that those Shares have been authorised, but unissued, by or in terms of this Memorandum of Incorporation; and
- 6.6.2 to the extent that such issue has been approved by the Shareholders in general meeting in terms of Article 6.10, either by way of a general authority (which may be either conditional or unconditional) to issue Shares in its discretion or a specific authority in respect of any particular issue of Shares, provided that, if such approval is in the form of a general authority to the Directors, it shall be valid only until the next annual general meeting of the Company and it may be varied or revoked by any general meeting of the Shareholders prior to such annual general

meeting.

- 6.7 All issues of Shares for cash and all issues of options and convertible securities granted or issued for cash must, in addition, be in accordance with the JSE Listings Requirements [L.R. S10.9(a)].
- 6.8 All Securities of the Company for which a listing is sought on the JSE and all Securities of the same class as Securities of the Company which are listed on the JSE must be freely transferable, and, notwithstanding the provisions of. section 40(5) but unless otherwise required by the Act, only be issued after being fully paid and, in this regard, the Company has received the consideration approved by the Board for the issuance of such Securities **[L.R. S10.2(a)]**.
- 6.9 Subject to what may be authorised by the Act, the JSE Listings Requirements and at meetings of Shareholders in accordance with Article 6.10 and subject further to Article 6.12, save for the Initial Issues, which shall not be subject to the provisions of this Article, the Board may only issue unissued Shares if such Shares have first been offered to existing Ordinary Shareholders in proportion to their shareholding on such terms and in accordance with such procedures as the Board may determine, unless such Shares are issued for the acquisition of assets by the Company **[L.R. S10.1]**.
- 6.10 Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 6.9, the Shareholders may at a general meeting authorise the Directors to issue Shares of the Company at any time and/or grant options to subscribe for Shares as the Directors in their discretion think fit, provided that such transaction(s) has/have been approved by the JSE and comply with the JSE Listings Requirements **[L.R. S10.1].**
- 6.11 Notwithstanding the provisions of Articles 6.2, 6.9 and 6.10, any issue of Shares, Securities convertible into Shares, or rights exercisable for Shares in a transaction, or a series of integrated transactions shall, in accordance with the provisions of section 41(3), require the approval of the Shareholders by special resolution if the voting power of the class of Shares that are issued or are issuable as a result of the transaction or series of integrated transactions will be equal to or exceed 30% (thirty percent) of the voting power of all the Shares of that class held by Shareholders immediately before that transaction or series of integrated transactions.
- 6.12 Except to the extent that any such right is specifically included as one of the rights, preferences or other terms upon which any class of Shares is issued or as may otherwise be provided in this Memorandum of Incorporation, no Shareholder shall have any pre-emptive or other similar preferential right to be offered or to subscribe for any additional Shares issued by the Company.

### 7 CERTIFICATED AND UNCERTIFICATED SECURITIES

- 7.1 Securities of the Company are to be issued in certificated or uncertificated form, as shall be determined by the Board from time to time. Except to the extent otherwise provided in the Act, the rights and obligations of Security holders shall not be different solely on the basis of their Securities being Certificated Securities or Uncertificated Securities and each provision of this Memorandum of Incorporation applies with respect to any Uncertificated Securities in the same manner as it applies to Certificated Securities, unless otherwise stated or indicated by the context.
- 7.2 Any Certificated Securities may cease to be evidenced by certificates, and thereafter become Uncertificated Securities, if so determined by the Board.
- 7.3 Any Uncertificated Securities may be withdrawn from the Uncertificated Securities Register, and certificates issued evidencing those Securities at the election of the holder of those Uncertificated Securities. A holder of Uncertificated Securities who elects to withdraw all or part of the Uncertificated Securities held by it in an Uncertificated Securities Register, and obtain a certificate in respect of those withdrawn Securities, may so notify the relevant Participant or Central Securities Depository as required by the rules of the Central Securities Depository.
- 7.4 After receiving notice from a Participant or Central Securities Depository, as the case may be, that the holder of Uncertificated Securities wishes to withdraw all or part of the Uncertificated Securities held by it in an Uncertificated Securities Register, and obtain a certificate in respect thereof, the Company shall –
- 7.4.1 immediately enter the relevant Security holder's name and details of its holding of Securities in the Securities Register and indicate on the Securities Register that the securities so withdrawn are no longer held in uncertificated form; and
- 7.4.2 within 10 (ten) business days (or 20 (twenty) business days in the case of a holder of Securities who is not resident within the Republic) prepare and notify the Central Securities Depository that the Securities are no longer held in uncertificated form.
- 7.5 The Company may charge a holder of its Securities a reasonable fee to cover the actual cost of issuing any certificate as contemplated in this Article 7.

### 8 TRANSFER OF SECURITIES

8.1 The instrument of transfer of any Certificated Securities which are not listed on the JSE shall be signed by both the transferor and the transferee and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such Certificated Securities until the name of the transferee is entered in the Securities Register. The Directors may, however, in their discretion in such cases as they deem fit, dispense with requiring the signature of the transferee on the instrument of transfer.

- 8.2 Subject to such restrictions as may be applicable, (whether by virtue of the preferences, rights, limitations or other terms associated with the Securities in question), any Shareholder or holder of other Securities may transfer all or any of its Certificated Securities by instrument in writing in any usual or common form or any other form which the Directors may approve.
- 8.3 Every instrument of transfer shall be delivered to the principal place of business of the Company, accompanied by -
- 8.3.1 the certificate issued in respect of the Certificated Securities to be transferred; and/or
- 8.3.2 such other evidence as the Company may require to prove the title of the transferor, or his or her right to transfer the Certificated Securities.
- 8.4 All authorities to sign transfer deeds or other instruments of transfer granted by holders of Securities for the purpose of transferring Certificated Securities which may be lodged, produced or exhibited with or to the Company at its registered office or at its transfer office shall, as between the Company and the grantor of such authorities, be taken and deemed to continue and remain in full force and effect, and the Company may allow the same to be acted upon until such time as express notice in writing of the revocation of the same shall have been given and lodged at the Company's registered office or transfer office at which the authority was first lodged, produced or exhibited. Even after the giving and lodging of such notice, the Company shall be entitled to give effect to any instruments signed under the authority to sign and certified by any officer of the Company as being in order before the giving and lodging of such notice **[L.R. S10.2(b)]**.
- 8.5 All instruments of transfer, when registered, shall either be retained by the Company or disposed of in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time decide.
- 8.6 The transfer of Uncertificated Securities may be effected only -
- 8.6.1 by a Participant or Central Securities Depository;
- 8.6.2 on receipt of an instruction to transfer sent and properly authenticated in terms of the rules of the Central Securities Depository or an order of a Court; and

- 8.6.3 in accordance with section 53 and the rules of the Central Securities Depository.
- 8.7 Transfer of ownership in any Uncertificated Securities must be effected by debiting the account in the Uncertificated Securities Register from which the transfer is effected and crediting the account in the Uncertificated Securities Register to which the transfer is effected, in accordance with the rules of the Central Securities Depository.
- 8.8 Securities transfer tax and other legal costs payable in respect of any transfer of Securities pursuant to this Memorandum of Incorporation will be paid by the Company to the extent that the Company is liable therefor in law, but shall, to that extent, be recoverable from the person acquiring such Securities.

### 9 SECURITIES REGISTER

- 9.1 The Company must establish or cause to be established a Securities Register in the form prescribed by the Act and the Regulations and maintain the Securities Register in accordance with the prescribed standards.
- 9.2 As soon as practicable after issuing any Securities the Company must enter or cause to be entered in the Securities Register, in respect of every class of Securities it has issued –
- 9.2.1 the total number of Uncertificated Securities;
- 9.2.2 with respect to Certificated Securities –
- 9.2.2.1 the names and addresses of the persons to whom the Certificated Securities were issued;
- 9.2.2.2 the number of Certificated Securities issued to each of them;
- 9.2.2.3 in the case of Securities other than Shares as contemplated in section 43, the number of those Securities issued and outstanding and the names and addresses of the registered holders of the Securities and any holders of beneficial interests therein; and
- 9.2.2.4 any other prescribed information.
- 9.3 If the Company has issued Uncertificated Securities, or has issued Securities that have ceased to be Certificated Securities as contemplated in Article 7.2, a record must be administered and maintained by a Participant or Central Securities Depository, in the prescribed form, as the Uncertificated Securities Register, which –

9.3.1	forms nart of the	Securities Register; and
5.3.1	ionins part or the	Securities Register, and

- 9.3.2 must contain, with respect to all Uncertificated Securities contemplated in this Article 9, any details referred to in Article 9.2.2, read with the changes required by the context or as determined by the rules of the Central Securities Depository.
- 9.4 The Securities Register or Uncertificated Securities Register maintained in accordance with the Act shall be sufficient proof of the facts recorded in it, in the absence of evidence to the contrary.
- 9.5 Unless all the Shares rank equally for all purposes, the Shares, or each class of Shares, and any other Securities, must be distinguished by an appropriate numbering system.
- 9.6 A certificate evidencing any Certificated Securities of the Company –
- 9.6.1 must state on its face –

9.6.1.1 the name of the Company;

- 9.6.1.2 the name of the person to whom the Securities were issued; and
- 9.6.1.3 the number and class of Shares and designation of the series, if any, evidenced by that certificate;
- 9.6.2 must be signed by 2 (two) persons authorised by the Board, which signatures may be affixed or placed on the certificate by autographic, mechanical or electronic means; and
- 9.6.3 is proof that the named Security holder owns the Securities, in the absence of evidence to the contrary.
- 9.7 A certificate remains valid despite the subsequent departure from office of any person who signed it.
- 9.8 If, as contemplated in Article 9.5, all of the Shares rank equally for all purposes, and are therefore not distinguished by a numbering system –
- 9.8.1 each certificate issued in respect of those Shares must be distinguished by a numbering system; and
- 9.8.2 if the Share has been transferred, the certificate must be endorsed with a reference number or similar device that will enable each preceding holder of the Share in succession to be identified.

- 9.9 If a Share certificate is defaced, lost or destroyed, it may be replaced –
- 9.9.1 free of charge by the Company; and
- 9.9.2 in case of defacement, on delivery of the old certificate to the Company.
- 9.10 The Directors may, as they deem fit, determine such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and payment of the out-of-pocket expenses of the Company of investigating such evidence and, in the case of loss or destruction, of advertising the same.

#### 10 TRANSMISSION OF SECURITIES

- 10.1 Subject to the provisions of this Memorandum of Incorporation dealing with restrictions on the transfer of Securities, the executor of the estate of a deceased sole holder of a Security shall be the only person recognised by the Company as having any title to the Security. In the case of a Security registered in the names of 2 (two) or more holders, the survivor or survivors, or the executor of any deceased Shareholder shall be the only person recognised by the Company as having any title to the Security. Any person who submits proof of his appointment as the executor, administrator, trustee, curator, or guardian in respect of the estate of a deceased Shareholder or holder of other Securities ("Security Holder") of the Company, or of a Security Holder whose estate has been sequestrated or of a Security Holder who is otherwise under a disability or as the liquidator of anybody corporate which is a Security Holder of the Company, shall be entered in the Securities Register of the Company nomine officii, and shall thereafter, for all purposes, be deemed to be a Security Holder of the Company [L.R. S10.13].
- 10.2 Subject to the provisions of Article 10.1, any person becoming entitled to any Security by virtue of the death of a Security Holder shall, upon producing such evidence that he has such title or rights as the Directors think sufficient, have the right either to have such Security transferred to himself or to make such other transfer of the Security as such Security Holder could have made: provided that in respect of a transfer other than to himself -
- 10.2.1the Directors shall have the same right to refuse or suspend registration<br/>as they would have had in the case of a proposed transfer of such<br/>Security by such Security Holder before his death; and
- 10.2.2a person becoming entitled to any Security shall not, unless and until<br/>he is himself registered as a Security Holder in respect of such Security,<br/>be entitled to exercise any voting or other right attaching to such<br/>Security or any other right relating to meetings of the Company.

10.3 Securities shall not be forfeited in the event that a person becoming entitled to any Security by virtue of the death of a Security Holder, upon producing such evidence that he has such title or rights as the Directors think sufficient, fails to register such Securities when called upon by the Directors to do so in terms of this Article 10.

### 11 NO LIEN

It is recorded for the avoidance of doubt that fully paid Securities shall not be subject to any lien in favour of the Company and shall be freely transferable **[L.R. S10.12]**.

### 12 **DEBT INSTRUMENTS**

- 12.1 The Board may authorise the Company to issue secured or unsecured debt instruments as set out in section 43(2), but no special privileges associated with any such debt instruments as contemplated in section 43(3) may be granted, and the authority of the Board in such regard is limited by this Memorandum of Incorporation **[L.R. S10.10]**.
- 12.2 Secured or unsecured debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other Securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued. Any debentures, debenture stock, bond or other Securities may be issued at a discount premium or otherwise, and generally as the Directors deem fit but subject to the provisions of the Act and the JSE Listings Requirements.

### 13 CAPITALISATION SHARES

Subject to Articles 6.9 and 6.10, the Board shall, in accordance with the provisions of section 47, save to the extent authorised by the Shareholders by means of ordinary resolution, have the power or authority to **[L.R. S10.6]**-

- 13.1 approve the issuing of any authorised Shares as capitalisation Shares; or
- 13.2 to issue Shares of one class as capitalisation Shares in respect of Shares of another class; or
- 13.3 to resolve to permit Shareholders to elect to receive a cash payment in lieu of a capitalisation Share, subject to the provisions of section 47(2). **[L.R. S10.7]**

## 14 BENEFICIAL INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

The Company's issued Securities may be held by, and registered in the name of, one person for the beneficial interest of another person as set out in section 56(1).

## 15 **FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE**

The Board may, subject to any additional provisions in the Act, authorise the Company to provide financial assistance by way of loan, guarantee, the provision of security or otherwise to any person for the purpose of, or in connection with, the subscription of any option, or any Securities, issued or to be issued by the Company or a related or interrelated company, or for the purchase of any such Securities, as set out in section 44, and the authority of the Board in this regard is not limited or restricted by this Memorandum of Incorporation.

### 16 ACQUISITION BY THE COMPANY OF ITS OWN SHARES

16.1	In accordance with, and subject to, the JSE Listings Requirements, the provisions of section 48, and subject to the further provisions of this Article 16:
16.1.1	the Board may determine that the Company acquire a number of its own Shares; and
16.1.2	the board of any subsidiary of the Company may determine that such subsidiary acquire Shares, but:
16.1.2.1	not more than 10% (ten percent), in aggregate, of the number of issued Shares of any class may be held by, or for the benefit of, all of the subsidiaries of the Company, taken together; and
16.1.2.2	no voting rights attached to those Shares may be exercised while the Shares are held by that subsidiary and it remains a subsidiary of the Company.
16.2	Any decision by the Company to acquire its own Shares must satisfy the requirements of section 46 and, accordingly, the Company may not acquire its own Shares unless:
16.2.1	the acquisition:
16.2.1.1	is pursuant to an existing legal obligation of the Company, or a court order; or
16.2.1.2	the Board, by resolution, has authorised the acquisition;
16.2.2	it reasonably appears that the Company will satisfy the Solvency and Liquidity Test immediately after completing the said acquisition; and
16.2.3	the Board, by resolution, has acknowledged that it has applied the Solvency and Liquidity Test and reasonably concluded that the Company will satisfy the Solvency and Liquidity Test immediately after completing

the said acquisition.

16.3 Any decision by the Company to acquire its own Shares must satisfy the JSE Listings Requirements and the requirements of the Act and, accordingly, for as long as it is required in terms of the JSE Listings Requirements, the acquisition shall be approved by a special resolution of the Shareholders, whether in respect of a specific repurchase or general approved by Shareholders and such acquisition shall otherwise comply with all relevant sections of the JSE Listings Requirements as may be applicable from time to time, provided that no such approval of Shareholders shall be required in respect of a *pro rata* acquisition by the Company from all its Shareholders **[L.R. S10.9(b)]**.

## 17 **RECORD DATE FOR EXERCISE OF SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS**

- 17.1The Board may set a record date for the purpose of determining which<br/>Shareholders are entitled to [L.R. S10.15] -
- 17.1.1 receive notice of a Shareholders' meeting;
- 17.1.2 participate in and vote at a Shareholders' meeting;
- 17.1.3 decide any matter by written consent or by Electronic Communication;
- 17.1.4 receive a distribution;
- 17.1.5 be allotted or exercise other rights; or
- 17.1.6 participate in any other transaction,

provided that for so long as the JSE Listings Requirements apply to the Company and prescribe a record date, such prescribed record date as set out in the JSE Listings Requirements shall be the record date.

- 17.2 A record date determined by the Board -
- 17.2.1 may not be earlier than the date on which the record date is determined or more than 10 (ten) business days before the date on which the event or action, for which the record date is being set, is scheduled to occur; and
- 17.2.2 must be published to the Shareholders in a manner that satisfies any prescribed requirements.
- 17.3 If, at any time, the Board fails to determine a record date for any action or event, the record date shall be -

- 17.3.1 in the case of a meeting, the latest date by which the Company is required to give Shareholders notice of that meeting; or
- 17.3.2 in any other case, the date of the relevant action or event.

### 18 SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS

- 18.1 The Board, or any prescribed officer of the Company authorised by the Board, is entitled to call a Shareholders' meeting at any time. For the avoidance of doubt, notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, there is no prohibition or restriction on the Company from calling any Shareholders' meeting for the purposes of adhering to the JSE Listings Requirements but such meeting shall not be capable of being held by means of a written resolution as contemplated in section 60. [L.R. S10.11(c)] [L.R. S10.11(d)]
- 18.2 Subject to the provisions of section 60 dealing with the passing of resolutions of Shareholders otherwise than at a meeting of Shareholders, the Company shall hold a Shareholders' meeting -
- 18.2.1at any time that the Board is required by the Act, the JSE ListingsRequirements or this Memorandum of Incorporation to refer a matter to<br/>Shareholders for decision; or
- 18.2.2 whenever required in terms of the Act to fill a vacancy on the Board; or
- 18.2.3when required in terms of Article 18.3 or by any other provision of thisMemorandum of Incorporation.
- 18.3 The Board shall call a meeting of Shareholders if 1 (one) or more written and signed demands calling for such a meeting are delivered to the Company and -
- 18.3.1each such demand describes the specific purpose for which the meeting<br/>is proposed; and
- 18.3.2 in aggregate, demands for substantially the same purpose are made and signed by the holders, at the earliest time specified in any of those demands, of at least 10% (ten percent) of the voting rights entitled to be exercised in relation to the matter proposed to be considered at the meeting.

### **Annual General Meetings**

18.4 Notwithstanding any provision of the Act to the contrary, and in addition to other meetings of the Company that may be convened from time to time, the Company shall convene an annual general meeting of its Shareholders once every calendar year but no more than 15 (fifteen) months after the date of the previous annual general meeting, provided that any such annual general meeting shall be capable of being held by Electronic Communication in accordance with the further provisions of this Memorandum of Incorporation.

- 18.5 Each annual general meeting of the Company contemplated in Article 18.4 shall provide for at least the following business to be transacted:
- 18.5.1 the sanctioning or declaration of distributions;
- 18.5.2 the presentation of the directors' report, financial statements for the immediately preceding financial year of the Company and audit committee report;
- 18.5.3the election of Directors, to the extent required by the Act or by this<br/>Memorandum of Incorporation;
- 18.5.4the appointment of an auditor for the ensuing financial year and<br/>appointment of an audit committee; and
- 18.5.5any matters raised by the Shareholders, with or without notice to the<br/>Company.
- 18.6 Save as otherwise provided herein, the Company is not required to hold any other Shareholders' meetings other than those specifically required by this Memorandum of Incorporation, the Act or the JSE Listings Requirements.

### Location of and notices of meetings

- 18.7 The Board may determine the location of any Shareholders' meeting, and the Company may hold any such meeting in the Republic or in any foreign country, and the authority of the Board and the Company in this regard is not limited or restricted by this Memorandum of Incorporation.
- 18.8 The minimum number of days for the Company to deliver a notice of a Shareholders' meeting to the Shareholders as required by section 62 is as provided for in section 62(1) and, accordingly, any such notice shall be delivered to all Shareholders as of the record date for the meeting at least 15 (fifteen) business days before the meeting is to begin **[L.R. S10.11(b)]**.

#### Quorum and adjournment of meetings

- 18.9The quorum requirement for a Shareholders' meeting to begin or for a matter to<br/>be considered are as set out in section 64(1) without variation and, accordingly -
- 18.9.1a Shareholders' meeting may not begin until sufficient persons are<br/>present at the meeting to exercise, in aggregate, at least 25% (twenty

	five percent) of the voting rights that are entitled to be exercised in respect of any matter to be decided at the meeting [L.R. S10.11 (g)]; and
18.9.2	a matter to be decided at a Shareholders' meeting may not begin to be considered unless sufficient persons are present at the meeting to exercise, in aggregate, at least 25% (twenty five percent) of all of the voting rights that are entitled to be exercised in respect of that matter at the time the matter is called on the agenda, provided that, if the Company has more than 2 (two) Shareholders, a meeting may not begin, or a matter begin to be debated, unless:
18.9.2.1	at least 3 (three) Shareholders are present at the meeting; and
18.9.2.2	the requirements of Articles 18.9.1 and 18.9.2 are satisfied.
18.10	The time periods allowed in section 64(4) and (5) apply to the Company without variation and, accordingly, if within 1 (one) hour after the appointed time for a meeting to begin, the requirements of Article 18.9 -
18.10.1	for that meeting to begin have not been satisfied, the meeting is postponed, without any motion, vote or further notice, for 1 (one) week;
18.10.2	for consideration of a particular matter to begin have not been satisfied –
18.10.2.1	if there is other business on the agenda of the meeting, consideration of that matter may be postponed to a later time in the meeting without any motion or vote; or
18.10.2.2	if there is no other business on the agenda of the meeting, the meeting is adjourned, without any motion or vote, for 1 (one) week,
	provided that the person intended to chair a meeting that cannot begin due to the operation of Article 18.9 may extend the 1 (one) hour limit allowed in Article 18.10 for a reasonable period on the grounds that -
18.10.3	exceptional circumstances affecting weather, transportation or Electronic Communication have generally impeded or are generally impeding the ability of Shareholders to be present at the meeting; or
18.10.4	one or more particular Shareholders, having been delayed,

have communicated an intention to attend the meeting, and those Shareholders, together with others in attendance, would satisfy the requirements of Article 18.9.

- 18.11 The accidental omission to give notice of any meeting to any particular Shareholder or Shareholders shall not invalidate any resolution passed at any such meeting.
- 18.12 Subject to Article 18.13, the Company shall not be required to give further notice of a meeting that has been postponed or adjourned in terms of Article 18.10 unless the location for the meeting is different from:
- 18.12.1 the location of the postponed or adjourned meeting; or
- 18.12.2the location announced at the time of adjournment, in the case of an<br/>adjourned meeting.
- 18.13 Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 18.12, for so long as the Company's Securities are listed on the JSE, the Company shall release notice on SENS of any shareholders' meetings and any postponed or adjourned meeting (whether postponed or adjourned in terms of Article 18.10 or otherwise).
- 18.14 If at the time appointed in terms of Article 18.10 for a postponed meeting to begin, or for an adjourned meeting to resume, the requirements of Article 18.9 have not been satisfied, the Shareholders present in person or by proxy will be deemed to constitute a quorum.
- 18.15 The maximum period allowable for an adjournment of a Shareholders' meeting is as set out in section 64(12).

#### **Conduct of meetings**

- 18.16 The chairperson, if any, of the Board shall preside as chairperson at every Shareholder's meeting.
- 18.17 If there is no such chairperson, or if at any meeting he or she is not present within 15 (fifteen) minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting or is unwilling to act as chairperson, the Directors present shall choose 1 (one) of their number to be chairperson. If no Director is willing to act as chairperson or if no Director is present within 15 (fifteen) minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Shareholders present shall choose one of their number to be chairperson of the meeting.
- 18.18 The chairperson of a Shareholders' meeting may:
- 18.18.1 appoint any firm or persons to act as scrutineers for the purpose of

	checking any powers of attorney received and for counting the votes at the meeting;
18.18.2	act on a certificate given by any such scrutineers without requiring production at the meeting of the forms of proxy or himself counting the votes.
18.19	If any votes were counted which ought not to have been counted or if any votes were not counted which ought to have been counted, the error shall not vitiate the resolution, unless -
18.19.1	it is brought to the attention of the chairperson at the meeting; and
18.19.2	in the opinion of the chairperson of the meeting, it is of sufficient magnitude to vitiate the resolution.
18.20	Any objection to the admissibility of any vote (whether on a show of hands or on a poll) shall be raised -
18.20.1	at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to was recorded; or
18.20.2	at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the result of the poll was announced,
	and every vote not then disallowed in terms of Article 18.20.1 or 18.20.2 shall be valid for all purposes. Any objection made timeously shall be referred to the chairperson of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
18.21	Even if he is not a member -
18.21.1	any director; or
18.21.2	the company's attorney (or where the company's attorneys are a firm, any partner or director thereof),
	may attend and speak at any general meeting, but may not vote, unless he is a member or the proxy or representative of a Shareholder.
	Shareholders' meetings by electronic communication
18.22	The Company may conduct a Shareholders' meeting entirely by Electronic Communication or provide for participation in a meeting by Electronic Communication, as set out in section 63, and the power of the Company to do so is not limited or restricted by this Memorandum of Incorporation. Accordingly,

- 18.22.1any Shareholders' meeting may be conducted entirely by Electronic<br/>Communication; or
- 18.22.2 one or more Shareholders, or proxies for Shareholders, may participate by Electronic Communication in all or part of any Shareholders' meeting that is being held in person **[L.R. S10.11(c)]**,

so long as the Electronic Communication employed ordinarily enables all persons participating in that meeting to communicate concurrently with each other and without an intermediary, and to participate reasonably effectively in the meeting.

18.23 Any notice of any meeting of Shareholders at which it will be possible for Shareholders to participate by way of Electronic Communication shall inform Shareholders of the ability to so participate and shall provide any necessary information to enable Shareholders or their proxies to access the available medium or means of Electronic Communication, provided that such access shall be at the expense of the Shareholder or proxy concerned.

### 19 VOTES OF SHAREHOLDERS

- 19.1 Subject to any special rights or restrictions as to voting attached to any Shares by or in accordance with this Memorandum of Incorporation, at a meeting of the Company -
- 19.1.1 every person present and entitled to exercise voting rights shall be entitled to 1 (one) vote on a show of hands, irrespective of the number of voting rights that person would otherwise be entitled to exercise; and
- 19.1.2 on a poll any person who is present at the meeting, whether as a Shareholder or as proxy for a Shareholder, has the number of votes determined in accordance with the voting rights associated with the Securities held by that Shareholder; and
- 19.1.3 the holders of Securities other than Ordinary Shares and any special shares created for the purposes of black economic empowerment in terms of the Broad Based Black Economic Empowerment Act No.53 of 2003 (as amended) and the corresponding Codes of Good Practice gazetted on 11 October 2013 (as amended), shall not be entitled to vote on any resolution at a meeting of Shareholders, except as provided in Article 19.2 **[L.R. S10.5(c)]**.
- 19.2If any resolution is proposed as contemplated in Article 6.4, the holders of such<br/>Shares ("Affected Shareholders") shall be entitled to vote at the meeting of<br/>Ordinary Shareholders as contemplated in Article 19.1, provided that –

19.2.1	the votes of the Shares of that class held by the Affected Shareholders (" <b>Affected Shares</b> ") shall not carry any special rights or privileges and the Affected Shareholder shall be entitled to 1 (one) vote for every Affected Share held; and
19.2.2	the total voting rights of the Affected Shareholders in respect of the Affected Shares shall not be more than 24.99% of the total votes (including the votes of the Ordinary Shareholders) exercisable at that meeting.
19.3	Voting shall be conducted by means of a polled vote in respect of any matter to be voted on at a meeting of Shareholders if a demand is made for a polled vote by -
19.3.1	at least 5 (five) persons having the right to vote on that matter, either as Shareholders or as proxies representing Shareholders; or
19.3.2	a person who is, or persons who together are, entitled, as Shareholders or proxies representing Shareholders, to exercise at least 10% (ten percent) of the voting rights entitled to be voted on that matter; or
19.3.3	the chairperson of the meeting.
19.4	At any meeting of the Company a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands, unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded in accordance with the provisions of Article 19.2, and unless a poll is so demanded, a declaration by the chairperson that a resolution has, on a show of hands, been carried or carried unanimously or by a particular majority or defeated, and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company, shall be conclusive evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn.
19.5	If a poll is duly demanded, it shall be taken in such manner as the chairperson directs, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. In computing the majority on the poll, regard shall be had to the number of votes to which each Shareholder is entitled.

- 19.6 In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairperson of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place, or at which the poll is demanded, shall not be entitled to a second or casting vote.
- 19.7A poll demanded on the election of a chairperson (as contemplated in<br/>Article 18.17) or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll

demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time as the chairperson of the meeting directs. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuation of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question upon which the poll has been demanded.

### Joint holders

- 19.8 Where there are joint registered holders of any Share, any 1 (one) of such persons may exercise all of the voting rights attached to that Share at any meeting, either personally or by proxy, as if he or she were solely entitled thereto. If more than 1 (one) of such joint holders is present at any meeting, personally or by proxy, the person so present whose name stands first in the Securities Register in respect of such Share shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof.
- 19.9 The board of any company or the controlling body of any other entity or person that holds any Securities of the Company may authorise any person to act as its representative at any meeting of Shareholders of the Company, in which event the following provisions will apply -
- 19.9.1 the person so authorised may exercise the same powers of the authorising company, entity or person as it could have exercised if it were an individual holder of Shares; and
- 19.9.2 the authorising company, entity or person shall lodge a resolution of the directors of such company or controlling body of such other entity or person confirming the granting of such authority, and certified under the hand of the chairperson or secretary thereof, with the Company before the commencement of any Shareholders' meeting at which such person intends to exercise any rights of such Shareholder, unless excused from doing so by the chairperson of such meeting.

### 20 PROXIES AND REPRESENTATIVES

- 20.1 Any Shareholder may at any time appoint any natural person (or two or more natural persons concurrently), including a natural person who is not a Shareholder, as a proxy to -
- 20.1.1 participate in, and speak and vote at, a Shareholders' meeting on behalf of that Shareholder; or
- 20.1.2 give or withhold written consent on behalf of that Shareholder to a decision contemplated in section 60,

provided that a Shareholder may appoint more than 1 (one) proxy to exercise voting rights attached to different Securities held by the Shareholder.

20.2	A proxy appointment -
20.2.1	must be in writing, dated and signed by the Shareholder; and
20.2.2	remains valid for -
20.2.2.1	1 (one) year after the date on which it was signed; or
20.2.2.2	any longer or shorter period expressly set out in the appointment,
	unless it is revoked in a manner contemplated in the Act or expires earlier as contemplated in the Act.
20.3	All of the remaining provisions of the Act relating to the appointment and revocation of proxies and the rights of proxies generally shall apply and, in particular -
20.3.1	a Shareholder has the right to appoint 2 (two) or more persons concurrently as proxies as set out in section 58(3)(a);
20.3.2	a Shareholder's proxy may delegate the proxy's powers to another person as set out in section 58(3)(b);
20.3.3	a Shareholder or his proxy must deliver to Company's registered office or at such other place within the Republic as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting, a copy of the instrument appointing a proxy at which the proxy intends to exercise that Shareholder's rights, not less than 48 (forty eight) hours (or such lesser period as the Directors may determine in relation to any particular meeting) before the time appointed for holding the meeting;
20.3.4	unless the instrument appointing a proxy provides otherwise, a Shareholder's proxy may decide, without direction from the Shareholder, whether to exercise or abstain from exercising any voting right of the Shareholder, as set out in section 58(7);
20.3.5	the instrument or power of attorney appointing a proxy which is not received by or on behalf of the Company by or through an electronic medium and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which the instrument or power of attorney is signed (or notarially certified copy of such power or authority) shall be deposited at the Company's registered office or at such other place within the Republic as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting, at any time before the meeting. In default, the instrument or power of

attorney shall not be treated as valid, provided that if the Shareholder appointing a proxy is registered on a branch register kept in any foreign country any instrument or power of attorney appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed may be deposited as aforesaid at any such branch or other office of the Company outside the Republic at which he is registered. The transfer secretary of the Company in that place shall communicate to the Company in the Republic by such means as the Directors may from time to time direct, a summary of all the votes for and against each resolution represented by valid proxies duly accepted by them, so that such communication shall be received by the Company before the time appointed for the meeting to commence;

20.3.6 the instrument or power of attorney appointing a proxy which is received by or on behalf of the Company by or through an electronic medium (where an address has been specified for that purpose in the notice of meeting or in the instrument itself), subject to any applicable law for the time being in force and to any terms and conditions decided on by the Directors from time to time, and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which the instrument or power of attorney is signed (or notarially certified copy of such power or authority) shall be received at that specified address, not less than 48 (forty eight) hours (or such lesser period as the Directors may determine in relation to any particular meeting) before the time appointed for holding the meeting and in default the instrument or power of attorney shall not be treated as valid;

20.3.7 a vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument or power of attorney appointing a proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous legal incapacity of the Shareholder or revocation of the instrument or power of attorney or the transfer of the Share in respect of which the vote is given, unless notice in writing of such legal incapacity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by or on behalf of the Company at the Office or by or through an electronic medium (where an address has been specified for the purpose of receiving instruments of proxy or powers of attorney in the notice of meeting or in the instrument itself) before the meeting,

and none of such rights or powers are limited, restricted or varied by this Memorandum of Incorporation.

20.4 Every instrument of proxy shall, as far as circumstances permit, be substantially in the following form, or in such other form as the Directors may approve from

time to time -

"I/We \_\_\_\_\_

being a shareholder of Motus Holdings Limited ("Company") do hereby appoint

or failing him/her

or failing him/her, the chairperson of the meeting as my/our proxy to vote or abstain from voting on my/our behalf at the meeting of the Company to be held at on and at any adjournment thereof as follows:-

In favour of	Against	Abstain
Special Resolution 1		
Ordinary Resolution 1		

(Indicate instruction to proxy by way of a cross in space provided above). Except as instructed above or if no instructions are inserted above, my/our proxy may vote as he/she thinks fit.

**SIGNED** this day of in the year of .

### SHAREHOLDER'S SIGNATURE

(Note: A shareholder entitled to attend, speak and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend, speak and vote in his/her stead, and such proxy need not be a shareholder of the Company)."

### 21 SHAREHOLDERS' RESOLUTIONS

- 21.1 For an ordinary resolution to be approved it must be supported by more than 50% (fifty percent) of the voting rights of Shareholders exercised on the resolution, as provided in section 65(7).
- 21.2 For a special resolution to be approved it must be supported by the holders of at least 75% (seventy five percent) of the voting rights exercised on the resolution, as provided in section 65(9) **[L.R. S10.11(a)]**.

- 21.3 No matters, except those matters set out in section 65(11), those relating to the change of the name of the Company and any other matter required by the Act, the JSE Listings Requirements, or by this Memorandum of Incorporation to be resolved by means of a special resolution, require a special resolution adopted at a Shareholders' meeting of the Company [L.R. S10.5(d)(vii)].
- 21.4 In the event that any Shareholder abstains from voting in respect of any resolution, such Shareholder will, for the purposes of determining the number of votes exercised in respect of that resolution, be deemed not to have exercised a vote in respect thereof.

### 22 SHAREHOLDERS ACTING OTHER THAN AT A MEETING

- 22.1 In accordance with the provisions of section 60, but subject to Article 22.4, a resolution that could be voted on at a Shareholders' meeting (including in respect of the election of Directors) may instead be **[L.R. S10.11(h)]** -
- 22.1.1 submitted by the Board for consideration to the Shareholders entitled to exercise the voting rights in relation to the resolution; and
- 22.1.2 voted on in writing by such Shareholders within a period of 20 (twenty) business days after the resolution was submitted to them.
- 22.2 A resolution contemplated in Article 22.1:
- 22.2.1 will have been adopted if it is supported by persons entitled to exercise sufficient voting rights for it to have been adopted as an ordinary or special resolution, as the case may be, at a properly constituted Shareholders' meeting; and
- 22.2.2 if adopted, will have the same effect as if it had been approved by voting at a meeting.
- 22.3 Within the period prescribed by the Act after adopting a resolution, or conducting an election of Directors in terms of the provisions of this Article 22, the Company shall deliver a statement describing the results of the vote, consent process, or election to every Shareholder who was entitled to vote on or consent to the resolution, or vote on the election of a Director, as the case may be.
- 22.4 The provisions of this Article 22 shall not apply to any Shareholder meetings that are called for in terms of the JSE Listings Requirements or the passing of any resolution in terms of Article 23.5.4 or to any annual general meeting of the Company.

23 COMPOSITION AND POWERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### 23.1 Number of Directors

- 23.1.1 Unless the minimum number of Directors, if any, that the Company must have to satisfy any requirement in terms of the Act to appoint any committee which it is obliged to appoint in terms of the Act or this Memorandum of Incorporation is greater than 4 (four), the number of Directors shall, unless otherwise determined by a unanimous resolution of all the Shareholders, be not less than 4 (four) **[L.R. S10.16 (a)]**.
- 23.1.2 No person shall be appointed or elected as a Director if such person is in terms of the Act or in terms of this Memorandum of Incorporation ineligible to serve or is disqualified from serving as a Director.
- 23.1.3 The Directors shall be elected in terms of section 68(1) by the persons entitled to exercise voting rights in such an election, being the Shareholders of the Company and the holders of any other Securities of the Company to the extent that the terms on which such Securities were issued confer such rights. No appointment of a Director shall be valid if passed by resolutions in accordance with section 60.

#### 23.2 Appointment and nomination of Directors

- 23.2.1 If the number of Directors falls below the minimum number fixed in accordance with this Memorandum of Incorporation, the remaining Directors must as soon as possible and in any event not later than 3 (three) months from the date that the number falls below such minimum, fill the vacancy/ies in accordance with Article 23.1.3 or convene a general meeting for the purpose of filling the vacancies, and the failure by the Company to have the minimum number of Directors during the said 3 (three) month period does not limit or negate the authority of the Board or invalidate anything done by the Board while their number is below the minimum number fixed in accordance with this Memorandum of Incorporation **[L.R. S10.16(d)]**.
- 23.2.2 The Directors in office may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but if after the expiry of the 3 (three) month period contemplated in Article 23.2.1 their number remains below the minimum number fixed in accordance with this Memorandum of Incorporation, they may, for as long as their number is reduced below such minimum, act only for the purpose of filling vacancies in their body in terms of section 68(3) or of summoning general meetings of the Company, but not for any other purpose.

23.2.3	Any shareholder of the Company or Director in office has a right to nominate one or more Directors in accordance with this Memorandum of Incorporation <b>[L.R. S10.16(b)]</b> .
23.2.4	In any election of Directors -
23.2.4.1	the election is to be conducted as a series of votes, each of which is on the candidacy of a single individual to fill a single vacancy, with the series of votes continuing until all vacancies on the Board have been filled <b>[L.R. S10.16(c)]</b> ; and
23.2.4.2	in each vote to fill a vacancy -
23.2.4.2.1	each vote entitled to be exercised may be exercised once; and
23.2.4.2.2	the vacancy is filled only if a majority of the votes exercised support the candidate.
23.2.5	The Company shall only have elected Directors and there shall be no appointed or <i>ex officio</i> Directors as contemplated in section 66(4).
23.3	Eligibility, resignation and retirement of Directors
23.3.1	Other than satisfying the qualification and eligibility requirements set out in section 69, a person need not satisfy any further eligibility requirements or qualifications to become or remain a Director or a prescribed officer of the Company.
23.3.2	Subject to paragraphs 27.1 and 27.2 below, no Director shall be appointed for life or for an indefinite period and the Directors (save for the executive Directors) shall rotate in accordance with the following provisions of this Article 23.3.2 <b>[L.R. S10.16(g)] [L.R. S10.16(k)]</b> -
23.3.2.1	at each annual general meeting referred to in Article 18.4, 1/3 (one third) of the Directors for the time being, or if their number is not 3 (three) or a multiple of 3 (three), the number nearest to 1/3 (one third), but not less than 1/3 (one third), shall retire from office;
23.3.2.2	the Directors so to retire at each annual general meeting shall be firstly those retiring in terms of paragraph 23.4.1.1 and secondly those who have been longest in office since their last election, but as between persons who were elected as Directors on the same day, those to retire shall, unless they

otherwise agree among themselves, be determined by lot;

- 23.3.2.3 a retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election;
- 23.3.2.4 the Company, at the general meeting at which a Director retires in the above manner, or at any other general meeting, may fill the vacancy by electing a person thereto, provided that the Company shall not be entitled to fill the vacancy by means of a resolution passed in accordance with section 60 [L.R. S10.16(c)];
- 23.3.2.5 if at any meeting at which an election of Directors ought to take place the offices of the retiring Directors are not filled, unless it is expressly resolved not to fill such vacancies, the meeting shall stand adjourned and the further provisions of this Memorandum of Incorporation, including Articles 18.2 to 18.6 (inclusive) will apply *mutatis mutandis* to such adjournment.
- 23.3.3 The Board shall, through its nomination committee (if such nomination committee has been constituted in terms of Article 30), provide the Shareholders with a recommendation in the notice of the meeting at which the re-election of a retiring Director is proposed, as to which retiring Directors are eligible for re-election, taking into account that Director's past performance and contribution.
- 23.3.4 A vacancy in the number of Directors shall only arise in the event of -
- 23.3.4.1 any elected Director ceasing to hold office or becoming disqualified from holding office as such for any reason; and/or
- 23.3.4.2 the Shareholders resolving to increase the number of elected Directors; and/or
- 23.3.4.3 any of the other circumstances contemplated in section 70(1) arising.

23.4 **Powers of the Board** 

23.4.1 The Board has the power to -

- 23.4.1.1 appoint or co-opt any person as Director, whether to fill any vacancy on the Board on a temporary basis, as set out in section 68(3), or as an additional Director provided that any person so appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board shall retain office only until the next annual general meeting of the Company and shall then retire and be eligible for re-election, as required in terms of section 70(3)(b)(i); and
- 23.4.1.2 exercise all of the powers and perform any of the functions of the Company, as set out in section 66(1),

and the powers of the Board in this regard are not limited or restricted by this Memorandum of Incorporation.

- 23.4.2 The Directors may at any time and from time to time by power of attorney appoint any person or persons to be the attorney or attorneys and agent(s) of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors in terms of this Memorandum of Incorporation) and for such period and subject to such conditions as the Directors may from time to time think fit. Any such appointment may, if the Directors think fit, be made in favour of any company, the members, directors, nominees or managers of any company or firm, or otherwise in favour of any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors. Any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection or convenience of persons dealing with such attorneys and agents as the Directors think fit. Any such attorneys or agents as aforesaid may be authorised by the Directors to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions for the time being vested in them.
- 23.4.3 Save as otherwise expressly provided herein, all cheques, promissory notes, bills of exchange and other negotiable or transferable instruments, and all documents to be executed by the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time determine.
- 23.4.4 All acts performed by the Directors or by a committee of Directors or by any person acting as a Director or a member of a committee shall,

notwithstanding that it shall afterwards be discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of the Directors or persons acting as aforesaid, or that any of them were disqualified from office, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Director or member of such committee.

### 23.5 Directors' Interest

- A Director may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company (except that of auditor) or any subsidiary of the Company in conjunction with the office of Director, for such period and on such terms as to remuneration (in addition to the remuneration to which he may be entitled as a Director) and otherwise as a disinterested quorum of the Directors may determine **[L.R. S10.16(e)]**.
- A Director of the Company may be or become a director or other officer of, or otherwise interested in, any company promoted by the Company or in which the Company may be interested as shareholder or otherwise and (except insofar as otherwise decided by the Directors) he shall not be accountable for any remuneration or other benefits received by him as a director or officer of or from his interest in such other company [L.R. S10.16(e)].
- 23.5.3 Each Director and each alternate Director, prescribed officer and member of any committee of the Board (whether or not such latter persons are also members of the Board) shall, subject to the exemptions contained in section 75(2) and the qualifications contained in section 75(3), comply with all of the provisions of section 75 in the event that they (or any person who is a related person to them) have a personal financial interest in any matter to be considered by the Board.
- 23.5.4 All Directors shall be elected by an ordinary resolution of the Shareholders, in accordance with Article 23.1.3, at a general or annual general meeting of the Company and no appointment of a Director in accordance with the resolution passed in terms of section 60 of the Act shall be competent.
- 23.5.5 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Memorandum of Incorporation, any resolution proposed to the Shareholders in terms of Section 20(2) and Section 20(6) is prohibited in the event that such a resolution would lead to ratification of an act that is contrary to the JSE Listings Requirements, unless otherwise agreed with the JSE **[L.R. S10.3].**
#### 24 DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

- 24.1 Save as may be provided otherwise herein, the Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit.
- 24.2 The Directors may elect a chairperson and a deputy chairperson and determine the period for which each is to hold office. The chairperson, or in his absence the deputy chairperson, shall be entitled to preside over all meetings of Directors. If no chairperson or deputy chairperson is elected, or if at any meeting neither is present or willing to act as chairperson thereof within 10 (ten) minutes of the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Directors present shall choose 1 (one) of their number to be chairperson of such meeting. Where the quorum of directors is two, the chairman shall not be permitted to have a casting vote if only two directors are present at such meeting **[L.R. S10.16(i)]**.
- 24.3 In addition to the provisions of section 73(1), any Director shall at any time be entitled to call a meeting of the Directors.
- 24.4 The Board has the power to -
- 24.4.1 consider any matter and/or adopt any resolution other than at a meeting as set out in section 74 and, accordingly, any decision that could be voted on at a meeting of the Board may instead be adopted by the written consent of a majority of the Directors, given in person or by Electronic Communication, provided that each Director has received notice of the matter to be decided. Such resolution inserted into the minute book shall be as valid and effective as if it had been passed at a meeting of directors. Any such resolution may consist of several documents and shall be deemed to have been passed on the date on which it was signed by the last director who signed it (unless a statement to the contrary is made in that resolution) **[L.R. S10.16(j)] [L.R. S10.11(c)]**;
- 24.4.2 conduct a meeting entirely by Electronic Communication, or to provide for participation in a meeting by Electronic Communication, as set out in section 73(3), provided that, as required by such section, the Electronic Communication facility employed ordinarily enables all persons participating in the meeting to communicate concurrently with each other without an intermediary and to participate reasonably effectively in the meeting;
- 24.4.3 determine the manner and form of providing notice of its meetings as set out in section 73(4), provided that -

24.4.3.1	the notice period for the convening of any meeting of the Board will be at least 7 (seven) days unless the decision of the Directors is required on an urgent basis which justifies a shorter period of notice, in which event the meeting may be called on shorter notice. The decision of the chairperson of the Board, or failing the chairperson for any reason, the decision of any (two) directors as to whether a matter should be decided on an urgent basis, and the period of notice to be given, shall be final and binding on the directors; and
24.4.3.2	an agenda of the matters to be discussed at the meeting shall be given to each Director, together with the notice referred to in Article 24.4.3.1;
24.4.4	proceed with a meeting despite a failure or defect in giving notice of the meeting, as provided in section 73(5),
	and the powers of the Board in respect of the above matters are not limited or restricted by this Memorandum of Incorporation.
24.5	The quorum requirement for a Directors' meeting (including an adjourned meeting) to begin, the voting rights at such a meeting, and the requirements for approval of a resolution at such a meeting are as set out in section 73(5), subject only to this Article 24.5, and accordingly:
24.5.1	if all of the Directors of the Company -
24.5.1.1	acknowledge actual receipt of the notice convening a meeting; or
24.5.1.2	are present at a meeting; or
24.5.1.3	waive notice of a meeting,
	the meeting may proceed even if the Company failed to give the required notice of that meeting or there was a defect in the giving of the notice;
24.5.2	at least 2 (two) of the Directors must be present at a meeting before a vote may be called at any meeting of the Directors, provided that if within half an hour (or such longer period as those present may agree) after the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting will stand adjourned to the same day of the next week (or if that day is not a business day, the following business day) at the same time and place. Written notice of such adjourned meeting (incorporating an agenda) shall be given to all Directors not less than 48 (forty-

eight) hours before such adjourned meeting is to be held and if at such adjourned

meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour (or such longer period as those present may agree) after the time appointed for the meeting, a majority of the Directors present will constitute a quorum. No business may be conducted at the adjourned meeting save for business specified on the agenda;

- 24.5.3 each Director has 1 (one) vote on a matter before the Board;
- 24.5.4 a majority of the votes cast in favour of a resolution is sufficient to approve that resolution;
- 24.5.5 in the case of a tied vote -
- 24.5.5.1 the chairperson may not cast a second or deciding vote; and
- 24.5.5.2 the matter being voted on fails.
- 24.6 Resolutions adopted by the Board –
- 24.6.1 must be dated and sequentially numbered; and
- 24.6.2 are effective as of the date of the resolution, unless any resolution states otherwise.
- 24.7 Any minutes of a meeting, or a resolution, signed by the chairperson of the meeting, or by the chairperson of the next meeting of the Board, or by the company secretary, are evidence of the proceedings of that meeting, or the adoption of that resolution, as the case may be.

#### 25 DIRECTORS' COMPENSATION AND FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

- 25.1 The Company may pay remuneration to the Directors for their services as Directors in accordance with a special resolution approved by the Shareholders within the previous 2 (two) years, as set out in section 66(8) and (9), and the power of the Company in this regard is not limited or restricted by this Memorandum of Incorporation.
- 25.2 Any Director who –
- 25.2.1 serves on any executive or other committee; or
- 25.2.2 devotes special attention to the business of the Company; or
- 25.2.3 goes or resides outside the Republic for the purpose of the Company; or
- 25.2.4 otherwise performs or binds himself to perform services which, in the opinion of the Directors, are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of

a Director, may be paid such extra remuneration or allowances in addition to or in substitution of the remuneration to which he may be entitled as a Director, as a disinterested quorum of the Directors may from time to time determine **[L.R. S10.16(f)]**.

- 25.3The Directors may also be paid all their travelling and other expenses necessarily<br/>incurred by them in connection with [L.R. S10.16(f)] –
- 25.3.1 the business of the Company; and
- 25.3.2 attending meetings of the Directors or of committees of the Directors of the Company.
- 25.4 The Board may, as contemplated in and subject to the requirements of section 45, authorise the Company to provide financial assistance to a Director, Prescribed Officer or other person referred to in section 45(2), and the power of the Board in this regard is not limited or restricted by this Memorandum of Incorporation.

# 26 MANAGING DIRECTOR

- 26.1 The Directors may from time to time appoint 1 (one) or more of their body to the office of managing Director for such term and at such remuneration as they may think fit (subject only to the requirements of section 66(8) and (9)), and may revoke such appointment subject to the terms of any agreement entered into in any particular case. A Director so appointed shall be subject to retirement in the same manner as the other Directors except during the period of his agreement, and his appointment shall terminate if he ceases for any reason to be a Director.
- 26.2 Subject to the provisions of any contract between himself and the Company, a managing Director shall be subject to the same provisions as to disqualification and removal as the other Directors of the Company.
- 26.3 The Directors may from time to time entrust to and confer upon a managing Director for the time being such of the powers exercisable in terms of this Memorandum of Incorporation by the Directors as they may think fit, and may confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions, and with such restrictions, as they think expedient; and they may confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of and in substitution for all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

## 27 **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

27.1 The Directors may from time to time appoint 1 (one) or more executive Directors

for such term and at such remuneration as they may think fit, and may revoke such appointment subject to the terms of any agreement entered into in any particular case.

- 27.2 Any Director appointed in terms of paragraph 27.1 shall not (subject to the terms of the contract under which he/she is appointed) whilst he/she continues to hold that position or office, be subject to retirement in terms of paragraph 23.3.2, provided that the appointment of such executive director to the office of director shall terminate if not ratified by ordinary resolution at the next annual general meeting following the appointment referred to above, and shall not, during the currency of such appointment, be considered in determining the rotation or retirement of directors. **[L.R. S10.16(g)]**
- 27.3 Subject to the provisions of any contract between himself or herself and the Company, an executive Director shall be subject to the same provisions as to disqualification and removal as the other Directors of the Company.
- 27.4 The Directors may from time to time entrust to and confer upon an executive Director for the time being such of the powers exercisable in terms of this Memorandum of Incorporation by the Directors as they may think fit, and may confer such powers for such time and to be exercised for such objects and purposes, and upon such terms and conditions, and with such restrictions, as they think expedient; and they may confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of and in substitution for all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

## 28 BORROWING POWERS

- 28.1 Subject to the provisions of Article 28.2 and the other provisions of this Memorandum of Incorporation, the Directors may from time to time –
- 28.1.1 borrow for the purposes of the Company such sums as they think fit; and
- 28.1.2 secure the payment or repayment of any such sums, or any other sum, as they think fit, whether by the creation and issue of Securities, mortgage or charge upon all or any of the property or assets of the Company.
- 28.2 The Directors shall procure (but as regards subsidiaries of the Company only insofar as by the exercise of voting and other rights or powers of control exercisable by the Company they can so procure) that the aggregate principal amount at any one time outstanding in respect of moneys so borrowed or raised by –

28.2.2 all the subsidiaries for the time being of the Company (excluding moneys borrowed or raised by any of such companies from any other of such companies but including the principal amount secured by any outstanding guarantees or suretyships given by the Company or any of its subsidiaries for the time being for the indebtedness of any other company or companies whatsoever and not already included in the aggregate amount of the moneys so borrowed or raised), shall not exceed, to the extent applicable, the aggregate amount at that time authorised to be borrowed or secured by the Company or the subsidiaries for the time being of the Company (as the case may be).

# 29 INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

- 29.1 The Company may -
- 29.1.1 advance expenses to a Director or directly or indirectly indemnify a Director in respect of the defence of legal proceedings, as set out in section 78(4);
- 29.1.2 indemnify a Director in respect of liability as set out in section 78(5); and/or
- 29.1.3 purchase insurance to protect the Company or a Director as set out in section 78(7),

and the power of the Company in this regard is not limited, restricted or extended by this Memorandum of Incorporation.

29.2 The provisions of Article 29.1 shall apply *mutatis mutandis* in respect of any former Director, prescribed officer or member of any committee of the Board, including the audit committee.

# 30 COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

- 30.1 The Board may -
- 30.1.1appoint committees of Directors and delegate to any such committeeany of the authority of the Board as set out in section 72(1); and/or
- 30.1.2 include in any such committee persons who are not Directors, as set out in section 72(2)(a),

and the power of the Board in this regard is not limited or restricted by this Memorandum of Incorporation.

- 30.2 The authority of a committee appointed by the Board as set out in section 72(2)(b) and (c) is not limited or restricted by this Memorandum of Incorporation.
- 30.3 The Board shall further appoint such committees as it is obliged to do in terms of the Act and, for as long as the Company's Securities are listed on the JSE, such committees as are required by the JSE Listings Requirements, having such functions and powers as are prescribed by the Act and/or the JSE Listings Requirements, as the case may be.

# 31 ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 31.1 The Company shall keep all such accurate and complete accounting records, in English, as are necessary to enable the Company to satisfy its obligations in terms of -
- 31.1.1 the Act;
- 31.1.2 any other law with respect to the preparation of financial statements to which the Company may be subject;
- 31.1.3 the Regulations; and
- 31.1.4 this Memorandum of Incorporation.
- 31.2 The Company shall each year, after the end of its financial year, prepare annual financial statements within the period prescribed by the Act, or such shorter period as may be appropriate to provide the required notice of an annual general meeting in terms of section 61(7).
- 31.3 The Company shall appoint an auditor each year at its annual general meeting. If the Company appoints a firm as its auditor, any change in the composition of the members of that firm shall not by itself create a vacancy in the office of auditor.
- 31.4 The annual financial statements of the Company must be prepared and audited in accordance with the provisions of section 30.
- 31.5 A copy of the annual financial statements must be delivered to Shareholders at least 15 (fifteen) business days before the date of the annual general meeting of the Company at which such annual financial statements will be considered [L.R. S 10.19].
- 31.6 The annual financial statements shall be prepared on a basis that is not inconsistent with any unalterable provision of the Act and shall –
- 31.6.1 satisfy, as to form and content, -

31.6.1.1	the JSE Listings Requirements; and
31.6.1.2	the financial reporting standards of IFRS; and
31.6.2	subject to and in accordance with IFRS -
31.6.2.1	present fairly the state of affairs and business of the Company and explain the transactions and financial position of the business of the Company;
31.6.2.2	show the Company's assets, liabilities and equity, as well as its income and expenses;
31.6.2.3	set out the date on which the statements were produced and the accounting period to which they apply; and
31.6.2.4	bear on the first page thereof a prominent notice indicating that the annual financial statements have been audited and the name and professional designation of the person who prepared them.

## 32 **DISTRIBUTIONS**

- 32.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act, and particularly section 46, the Company may make a proposed distribution if such distribution **[L.R. S10.17(a)]** -
- 32.1.1 is pursuant to an existing legal obligation of the Company, or a court order; or
- 32.1.2 is authorised by resolution of the Board in compliance with the JSE Listings Requirements.
- 32.2 No distribution shall bear interest against the Company, except as otherwise provided under the conditions of issue of the Shares in respect of which such distribution is payable.
- 32.3 Distributions may be declared either free of or subject to the deduction of income tax and any other tax or duty in respect of which the Company may be chargeable.
- 32.4 The Directors may from time to time declare and pay to the Shareholders such interim distributions as the Directors consider to be appropriate [L.R. S10.17(a)].
- 32.5 All unclaimed distributions may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Directors for the benefit of the Company until claimed, provided that distributions

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unclaimed for a period of 3 (three) years from the date on which they were declared, in terms of the laws of prescription, may be declared forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company. The Directors may at any time annul such forfeiture upon such conditions (if any) as they think fit. All unclaimed monies, other than distributions, that are due to any Shareholder/s shall be held by the Company in trust for an indefinite period subject, however, to the laws of prescription until lawfully claimed by such Shareholder/s **[L.R. S10.17(c)]**.

- 32.6 Any distribution, interest or other sum payable in cash to the holder of a Share may be paid by cheque or warrant sent by post and addressed to -
- 32.6.1 the holder at his registered address; or
- 32.6.2 in the case of joint holders, the holder whose name appears first in the Securities Register in respect of the share, at his registered address; or
- 32.6.3 such person and at such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct.
- 32.7 Every such cheque or warrant shall -
- 32.7.1 be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is addressed; and
- 32.7.2 be sent at the risk of the holder or joint holders.
- 32.8 The Company shall not be responsible for the loss in transmission of any cheque or warrant or of any document (whether similar to a cheque or warrant or not) sent by post as aforesaid.
- 32.9 A holder or any one of two or more joint holders, or his or their agent duly appointed in writing, may give valid receipts for any distributions or other moneys paid in respect of a Share held by such holder or joint holders.
- 32.10 When such cheque or warrant is paid, it shall discharge the Company of any further liability in respect of the amount concerned.
- 32.11 A distribution may also be paid in any other way determined by the Directors, and if the directives of the Directors in that regard are complied with, the Company shall not be liable for any loss or damage which a Shareholder may suffer as a result thereof.
- 32.12 Without detracting from the ability of the Company to issue capitalisation Shares, any distribution may be paid wholly or in part -
- 32.12.1 by the distribution of specific assets; or

32.12.2	by the issue of Shares, debentures or securities of the Company or of any other company; or
32.12.3	in cash; or
32.12.4	in any other way which the Directors may at the time of declaring the distribution determine.
32.13	Where any difficulty arises in regard to such distribution, the Directors may settle that difficulty as they think expedient, and in particular may fix the value which shall be placed on such specific assets on distribution.
32.14	The Directors may -
32.14.1	determine that cash payments shall be made to any Shareholder on the basis of the value so fixed in order to secure equality of distribution; and
32.14.2	vest any such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the persons entitled to the distribution as the Directors deem expedient.
32.15	Any distribution must be made payable to Shareholders registered as at a date subsequent to the date of declaration thereof or the date of confirmation thereof, whichever is the later date <b>[L.R. S10.17(b)]</b> .
32.16	Without limiting the provisions of Article 32.1.2 above, all payments made to holders of Securities listed on the JSE (" <b>Listed Securities</b> ") must be in accordance with the JSE Listings Requirements and capital payments to holders of Listed Securities may not be made on the basis that it can be called up again <b>[L.R. S10.8]</b> .

## 33 **RESERVES**

- 33.1 The Board may, before recommending any preference or other dividend or other distribution, set aside such amounts from the profits of the Company as reserves as it deems fit.
- 33.2 Such reserves may in the discretion of the Board be used for any admissible purpose and pending such use, the Board may in its discretion –
- 33.2.1use them for the business of the Company without them being separated<br/>from the other assets of the Company; or
- 33.2.2 invest it.
- 33.3 The Board may in its discretion transfer any profits which should not be

distributed in its opinion, without putting them to reserve.

- 33.4 The Board may –
- 33.4.1 distribute any such reserve funds as it deems fit;
- 33.4.2 consolidate such funds or any part thereof in one fund.

## 34 ACCESS TO COMPANY RECORDS

- 34.1 Each person who holds or has a beneficial interest in any Securities issued by the Company is entitled to inspect and copy, upon payment of the prescribed maximum charge for any such copy, the information contained in the records of the Company referred to in section 26(1), being -
- 34.1.1 this Memorandum of Incorporation, and any amendments or alterations thereof;
- 34.1.2 a record of the Directors, including the details of any person who has served as a Director, for a period of 7 (seven) years after that person has ceased to serve as a Director, and any information relating to such persons referred to in section 24(5);
- 34.1.3 all -
- 34.1.3.1 reports presented at an annual general meeting of the Company for a period of 7 (seven) years after the date of any such meeting, provided that no such inspection right shall exist if and to the extent that the Company is not required to, and does not, in fact, hold an annual general meeting; and
- 34.1.3.2 annual financial statements required by the Act for a period of7 (seven) years after the date on which each such particular statements were issued;
- 34.1.4 notice and minutes of all Shareholders' meetings, including -
- 34.1.4.1all resolutions adopted by them, for 7 (seven) years after the<br/>date each such resolution was adopted; and
- 34.1.4.2any document that was made available by the Company to the<br/>holders of Securities in relation to each such resolution;
- 34.1.5 any written communications sent generally by the Company to all holders of any class of the Company's Securities, for a period of 7 (seven) years after the date on which each of such communications

was issued; and

- 34.1.6 the Securities Register of the Company.
- 34.2 A person not contemplated in Article 34.1 has a right to inspect the Securities Register and the register of Directors of the Company upon payment of the prescribed maximum fee for any such inspection.

## 35 **PAYMENT OF COMMISSION**

- 35.1 The Company may pay a commission to any person in consideration of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe, whether absolutely or conditionally, for any Securities of the Company or for procuring or agreeing to procure, whether absolutely or conditionally, subscriptions for any Securities of the Company, provided that for as long as the Securities of the Company is listed on the JSE, such commission may not exceed a rate of 10% (ten percent) of the issue price of the relevant Security **[L.R. S10.14]**.
- 35.2 Commission may be paid out of capital or profits, whether current or accumulated, or partly out of the one and partly out of the other.
- 35.3 Such commission may be paid in cash or, if authorised by the Shareholders by ordinary resolution, by the allotment of fully or partly paid-up Securities, or partly in one way and partly in the other.
- 35.4 The Company may, on any issue of Securities, pay such brokerage as may be lawful.

# 36 NOTICES

36.1 All notices shall be given by the Company to each Shareholder of the Company who has elected to receive such notices and simultaneously to the Issuer Regulation Division of the JSE, and shall be given in writing in any manner prescribed by the JSE Listings Requirements and/or the Act, as may be applicable and delivered in accordance with the provisions of the Act. All notices shall, in addition to the above, be released through SENS provided that, in the event that the Shares or other Securities of the Company are not listed on the JSE, all the provisions of this Memorandum of Incorporation relating to the publication of notices via SENS shall no longer apply and such notices shall thereafter only be delivered in accordance with the provisions of the Act **[L.R. S10.11(e)] [L.R. S10.11(f)]**.

36.2 Each Shareholder of the Company -

36.2.1 shall notify in writing to the Company an address, which address shall

	be his registered address for the purposes of receiving written notices from the Company by post and if he has not named such an address he shall be deemed to have waived his right to be so served with notices [L.R. S10.18]; and
36.2.2	may notify in writing to the Company an email address and/or facsimile number, which address shall be his address for the purposes of receiving notices by way of Electronic Communication,
	provided that a Shareholder who fails to notify the Company of an address as set out in this Article 36.2 above, will be deemed to have elected not to receive notices and documents, from the Company.
36.3	Any Shareholder whose address in the Securities Register is an address not within the Republic, shall be entitled to have notices served upon him at such address.
36.4	In the case of joint holders of a Share, all notices shall, unless such holders otherwise in writing request and the Directors agree, be given to that Shareholder whose name appears first in the Securities Register and a notice so given shall be deemed sufficient notice to all the joint holders.
36.5	Save to the extent that any of the following provisions of this Article 36.5 may be in conflict with any provision contained in the Act or the Regulations, any notice sent by -
36.5.1	registered post to the last-known address of a Shareholder shall be deemed to have been delivered on the 7 <sup>th</sup> (seventh) day following the day on which the notice or document was posted as recorded by a post office, unless there is conclusive evidence that it was delivered on a different day;
36.5.2	faxing the notice to a Shareholder, if the Shareholder has a fax number, shall be deemed to have been delivered on the date and at the time recorded by the fax receiver, unless there is conclusive evidence that it was delivered on a different date or at a different time;
36.5.3	sending the notice to a Shareholder by electronic mail, if the Shareholder has an address for the receiving of electronic mail, shall be deemed to have been delivered on the date and at the time recorded by the computer used by the sender, unless there is conclusive evidence that it was delivered on a different date or at a different time,
	any other means permitted in the said Table CR 3 shall be deemed to have been

any other means permitted in the said Table CR 3 shall be deemed to have been delivered as provided for that method of delivery in such Table.

- 36.6 Every person who by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever becomes entitled to any Share, shall be bound by every notice in respect of that Share which, previously to his name and address being entered in the Securities Register, was given to the person from whom he derives his title to such Share.
- 36.7 Any notice or document delivered or sent by post to or left at the registered address of any Shareholder in pursuance of this Memorandum of Incorporation shall, notwithstanding that such Shareholder was then deceased, and whether or not the Company has notice of his death, be deemed to have been duly served in respect of any Shares, whether held solely or jointly with other persons by such Shareholder, until some other person be registered in his stead as the sole or joint holder thereof, and such service shall for all purposes of this Memorandum of Incorporation be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on his heirs, executors or administrators, and all persons (if any) jointly interested with him in any such Shares.

# 37 WINDING-UP

- 37.1 If the Company is wound-up the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Shareholders, divide among the Shareholders in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and may for such purpose –
- 37.1.1 set a value which he deems fair upon any asset; and
- 37.1.2determine how the division shall be carried out as between the<br/>Shareholders or holders of different classes of Shares.
- 37.2 The liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Shareholders, vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon trusts for the benefit of the Shareholders or any of them.
- 37.3 Any such resolution may provide for and sanction a distribution of specific assets amongst the holders of different classes of Shares contrary to their existing rights, but each Shareholder shall in that event have a right of dissent and other ancillary rights in the same manner as if such resolution were a special resolution passed pursuant to the provisions of the Act.

## 38 AMENDMENT OF MEMORANDUM OF INCORPORATION

- 38.1 Save for the amendments contemplated in Article 38.2, this Memorandum of Incorporation may only be altered or amended in the manner set out in sections 16 (other than 16(1)(b), 17 or 152(6)(b)) **[L.R. S10.5(d)(i-vii)]**.
- 38.2The Board, or any individual authorised by the Board, may alter this Memorandum<br/>of Incorporation in any manner necessary to correct a patent error in spelling,

punctuation, reference, grammar or similar defect on the face of the document by -

- 38.2.1 publishing a notice of any alteration made by delivering a copy of such amendments to each Shareholder by ordinary mail; and
- 38.2.2 filing a notice of the alteration.
- 38.3 An amendment of this Memorandum of Incorporation will take effect from the later of -
- 38.3.1the date on, and time at, which the Commission accepts the Filing of<br/>the notice of amendment contemplated in section 16(7); and
- 38.3.2 the date, if any, set out in the said notice of amendment,

save in the case of an amendment that changes the name of the Company, which will take effect from the date set out in the amended registration certificate issued by the Commission.

# 39 COMPANY RULES

The Board is prohibited from making, amending or appealing any rules as contemplated in section 15(3) of the Act and the Board's capacity to make such rules is hereby excluded **[L.R. S10.4]**.

## ADOPTION

This Memorandum of Incorporation was adopted by special resolution of the Shareholders on **12 May 2018** 

#### **ANNEXURE A**

# 40 SPECIAL RIGHTS AND CONDITIONS ATTACHED TO THE DEFERRED ORDINARY NO PAR VALUE SHARES

#### 40.1 **Interpretation**

For the purposes of this Annexure A, the following terms shall have the meanings assigned to them hereunder:

- 40.1.1 "the auditors" means the auditors for the time being of the Company;
- 40.1.2 "the board" means the board of directors of the Company;
- 40.1.3 "the Company" or "Motus" means Motus Holdings Limited, registration number 2017/451730/06.
- 40.1.4 "the conversion" means the conversion of deferred ordinary shares into ordinary shares during the conversion period;
- 40.1.5 "conversion date" means 30 June of each year during the conversion period;
- 40.1.6 "conversion period" means the seven year period commencing on 1 July 2018;
- 40.1.7 "the converted shares" means, at any time, the cumulative total number of deferred ordinary shares that have been converted into ordinary shares;
- 40.1.8 "CSDP" means a Central Securities Depository Participant, accepted as a participant in terms of section 31 of the Financial Markets Act, 2012 (Act 19 of 2012), as amended;
- 40.1.9 "the deferred ordinary shares" means 10 000 000 deferred ordinary no par value shares in the stated capital of the Company with the rights and restrictions as set out in this Article 40;
- 40.1.10 "the Group" means, collectively, the Company, its subsidiaries and associates;
- 40.1.11 "the Listings Requirements" means the Listings Requirements of the JSE;
- 40.1.12 "MOI" means the Memorandum of Incorporation of the Company;
- 40.1.13 "ordinary shares" means ordinary no par value shares in the stated capital of the Company;
- 40.1.14 "the specified deferred ordinary shares" means 5 820 283 deferred ordinary shares, provided that any additional deferred ordinary shares acquired by the holders of the

deferred ordinary shares in terms of 40.3.3 and/or 40.3.4, shall be deemed to constitute part of the specified deferred ordinary shares;

40.1.15 "treasury shares" means any ordinary shares which are owned by any subsidiary of the Company.

## 40.2 **Rights, privileges and conditions**

The rights, privileges and conditions which attach to the deferred ordinary shares are set out in 40.3 to 40.17 hereof.

## 40.3 **Issue price**

Each deferred ordinary share was issued on the basis that:

- 40.3.1 if the issued ordinary shares in the capital of the Company are consolidated or subdivided, the same shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to the deferred ordinary shares;
- 40.3.2 if any rights issue is implemented by the Company in respect of the ordinary shares, the holders of the deferred ordinary shares shall not be entitled to participate in the rights issue;
- 40.3.3 if the board so determines, and subject to the approval of the holders of the ordinary shares in general meeting and of the JSE, if required, the holders of the deferred ordinary shares may be given the right in respect of any rights issue as contemplated in 40.3.2, to subscribe free of any consideration for that number of additional deferred ordinary shares, which together with the specified deferred ordinary shares and the ordinary shares held by that holder of deferred ordinary shares, will constitute 10.1% of the total issued stated capital of the Company after the rights issue (excluding any treasury shares but including the deferred ordinary shares);
- 40.3.4 if any capitalisation or bonus issue is implemented by the Company, the holders of the deferred ordinary shares shall be entitled and confined to a distribution from the Company of so many additional deferred ordinary, which together with the specified deferred ordinary shares and the ordinary shares held by that holder of deferred ordinary shares, will constitute 10.1% of the total issued stated capital of the Company after the capitalisation or bonus issue (excluding any treasury shares but including the additional deferred ordinary shares).

## 40.4 **No participation in dividends or other distributions**

Save as provided in 40.3.4 and 40.5, the deferred ordinary shares shall not participate in, or receive any dividends or capital distributions distributed by the Company and/or any other payments made by the Company in terms of Section 46 of the Act.

## 40.5 **Rights on winding-up**

The deferred ordinary shares shall confer on the holders thereof the right, in a winding-up, to repayment of the par value thereof, *pari passu* with the holders of the ordinary shares, but no further right to participate in the profits or assets of the Company.

#### 40.6 Voting rights

- 40.6.1 The deferred ordinary shares shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the ordinary shares with respect to voting rights.
- 40.6.2 In accordance with 40.6.1, notwithstanding anything to the contrary which may be contained in the MOI, the holders of the deferred ordinary shares shall not be entitled to veto any resolution that would otherwise have been capable of being passed by the required majority of votes, collectively, of the holders of the ordinary shares and the deferred ordinary shares. **[L.R. S10.5(c)]**

#### 40.7 Separate class

The deferred ordinary shares shall constitute a separate class of shares.

# 40.8 Variation of rights

All or any of the rights attaching to the deferred ordinary shares may only be modified, altered, varied, added to or abrogated, with the prior written consent of the holders of at least 75% of the issued deferred ordinary shares or the sanction of a resolution of the holders of the issued deferred ordinary shares passed at a separate general meeting of such holders and at which members holding in the aggregate not less than 75% of the total votes of all the holders of the deferred ordinary shares entitled to vote at that meeting are present in person or by proxy and the resolution has been passed by not less than 75% of the total votes to which the holders of the deferred ordinary shares present in person or by proxy are entitled **[L.R. S10(11)(c)]**.

# 40.9 Meetings and quorum

Subject to 40.8, at every separate meeting of the holders of the deferred ordinary shares the provisions of the MOI relating to general meetings of ordinary members shall apply *mutatis mutandis*, except that a quorum at any such general meeting of the holders of the deferred ordinary shares shall be a person or persons holding or representing by proxy at least 75% of the issued deferred ordinary shares, provided that if at any adjournment of such meeting a quorum is not present, then the provisions of the MOI relating to adjourned meetings shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply.

#### 40.10 **Restriction on transfer**

The holders of the deferred ordinary shares shall not, whether directly or indirectly, be entitled to sell, alienate, or in any other manner dispose of, transfer, relinquish any rights to, beneficial or otherwise, pledge, or in any other manner encumber, any of the deferred ordinary shares save to, or in favour of the Company. In the event of the holder of any deferred ordinary shares breaching the provisions hereof, then without prejudice to any other rights which the Company may have, the deferred ordinary shares which are the subject matter of the breach shall no longer be eligible for conversion in terms of 40.11 and the provisions of 40.13.3.1 to 40.13.3.3 shall be deemed to apply, *mutatis mutandis*, in respect of the said deferred ordinary shares.

#### 40.11 Conversion

On each conversion date, the specified deferred ordinary shares to which the conversion applies, as provided in 40.13, shall automatically be converted into ordinary shares, on a one-for-one basis, and the appropriate amendment shall be made to the custody agreement entered into between each holder of the deferred ordinary shares and its CSDP or broker.

#### 40.12 Ranking on conversion

Any ordinary shares so converted from deferred ordinary shares in terms of 40.11 shall rank from the conversion date, *pari passu* in all respects with the other ordinary shares, and shall accordingly qualify for any dividends or capital distributions declared by the Company after the conversion date.

#### 40.13 Method of conversion

- 40.13.1 Subject to 40.13.2 and 40.13.3, on each conversion date 831,469 specified deferred ordinary shares shall convert into ordinary shares.
- 40.13.2 In the event that the number of the specified deferred ordinary shares is increased consequent upon the provisions of 40.3.3 and/or 40.3.4, then the number of specified deferred ordinary shares for conversion in terms of 40.13.1 during the remainder of the conversion period shall be proportionately increased to achieve the conversion of the remaining specified deferred ordinary shares in equal tranches, as near as arithmetically possible, over that period.
- 40.13.3 At the end of the conversion period, the remaining deferred ordinary shares:
- 40.13.3.1 shall not be capable of conversion;

40.13.3.2	shall confer on each holder of the deferred ordinary shares, one vote for every deferred ordinary share held up to 100 and thereafter, one vote for every ten thousand deferred ordinary shares held;
40.13.3.3	shall automatically be converted into an equal number of redeemable, non- participating no par value preference shares having the preferences, rights, limitations and other terms set out in 40.13.4.
40.13.4	Every redeemable preference share referred to in 40.13.3.3 shall:
40.13.4.1	confer on the holder thereof the right, in a winding-up, to repayment of the par value thereof (if any), <i>pari passu</i> with the holders of the ordinary shares, but no further right to participate in the profits or assets of the Company;
40.13.4.2	not confer on the holder the right to vote at meetings of the Company except: [L.R. S10.5(c)]
40.13.4.2.1	during any period determined as provided in 40.13.5, during which any winding-up dividend or any part of any such dividend on such share or any redemption payment thereon remains in arrear and unpaid; or [L.R. S10.5(h)(ii)]
40.13.4.2.2	in regard to any resolution proposed to amend the preferences, rights, limitations and other terms associated with such preference share;
40.13.4.3	subject to section 46 of the Act, be redeemable free of any consideration at the option of the Company at any time, on the following terms and conditions:
40.13.4.3.1	notice of the exercise of such option shall be given by the Company to the holder of the preference share in writing, whereupon such preference share shall be regarded as redeemed and cancelled; and
40.13.4.3.2	upon receipt of such notice, the holder shall deliver the certificate of such preference share to the Company at its registered office;
40.13.5	the period referred to in 40.13.4.2.1, if applicable at all, shall commence 6 months after the end of the financial year of the Company in respect of which such dividend

accrued or such redemption payment became due [L.R. S10.5(h) (i) and (iii)].

# 40.14 Absence of limitations or restrictions

Nothing in this Annexure A, or arising out of the issue of the deferred ordinary shares, shall, or be construed to prevent or preclude the Group, subject to any normal shareholder approvals which may at any time be required (but without derogating from 40.6), from being able to carry on and conduct its business as it deems fit, or restrict or limit the conduct of

its business in any manner whatsoever, nor to restrict or limit the Group, *inter alia*, in respect of any sales or other disposals of any assets, material or otherwise, mergers, takeovers and acquisitions.

# 40.15 Arbitration

Save as expressly otherwise provided in this Annexure A, any dispute between any of the holders of the deferred ordinary shares and the Company shall be finally resolved in accordance with the Rules ("the Rules") of The Arbitration Foundation of South Africa ("AFSA") and in accordance with the following:

- 40.15.1 there shall be one arbitrator who shall be a judge, former judge or retired judge of the High Court or the Supreme Court of Appeal of the High Court of the Republic of South Africa or a senior counsel of at least ten years' standing as such at the Johannesburg Bar;
- 40.15.2 the appointment of the arbitrator shall be agreed upon between the parties, but failing agreement between them within a period of 14 days after the arbitration has been demanded, either of the parties shall be entitled to request the chairman at the relevant time of AFSA (or if AFSA shall not be in existence at the time, by the Chairman of the Johannesburg Bar Council) or his representative to make the appointment and, in making his appointment, to have regard to the nature of the dispute;
- 40.15.3 the arbitration shall be held at a venue agreed upon in writing by the parties or, failing such agreement, at a venue in Sandton;
- 40.15.4 the decision of the arbitrator shall be subject to a right of appeal by either party in terms of Article 22 of the Rules to an Arbitration Tribunal consisting of 3 arbitrators who shall:
- 40.15.4.1 be persons who hold the same qualifications and who have the same status as the persons referred to in 40.15.1; and
- 40.15.4.2 be appointed in the manner referred to in 40.15.1 and 40.15.2;
- 40.15.5 the decision of the arbitrator or the Arbitration Tribunal, as the case may be, shall be final and binding on the parties in the absence of a manifest error in calculation and shall be carried into effect and may be made an order of competent jurisdiction. For this purpose, each of the parties shall be deemed to have submitted itself to the jurisdiction of the South Gauteng High Court and all appeal courts therefrom should either party wish to make the arbitrator's decision an order of that court;
- 40.15.6 the provisions of this Article 40.15:

- 40.15.6.1 constitute an irrevocable consent by the parties to the procedure envisaged in this Article 40.15 and neither party shall be entitled to withdraw therefrom or claim at any stage of the proceedings that it is not bound by such proceedings;
- 40.15.6.2 are severable from the rest of the MOI and shall remain in effect despite the termination of or invalidity or alleged invalidity for any reason of any part of this MOI; and
- 40.15.6.3 shall not preclude any party from instituting any injunctive proceedings in any appropriate court of competent jurisdiction.

## 40.16 **JSE Listings Requirements**

The deferred ordinary shares are entirely subject to the provisions of the JSE Listings Requirements.

## 40.17 **Restriction on issue of deferred ordinary shares**

Subject to 40.3.3 and 40.3.4, the Company shall not allot and issue any further deferred ordinary shares, except with the approval of shareholders in general meeting and the JSE.

#### ANNEXURE B

#### 41 NON-REDEEMABLE, CUMULATIVE, NON-PARTICIPATING PREFERENCE SHARES

- 41.1 In this Article 41, unless the context indicates a contrary intention, the following words and expressions bear the meanings assigned to them in their corresponding definition provisions, and cognate expressions bear corresponding meanings –
- 41.1.1 "Arrear Preference Dividend" means any and all Preference Dividends (or part only thereof), which were, for any reason whatsoever, not declared prior to or on, or were, if declared, not paid in full, 120 (one hundred and twenty) days after the Calculation Date for the applicable Preference Dividend Period, calculated in accordance with Article41.2.5;
- 41.1.2 "Average Prime Rate" means, in respect of any Preference Dividend Period, the average of the Prime Rate which prevailed on each day during the period;
- 41.1.3 "the Board" means the board of directors of the Company;
- 41.1.4 "Business Day" means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or statutory public holiday in the Republic;
- 41.1.5 "Company" means Motus Holdings Limited, registration number 2017/451730/06;
- 41.1.6 "Calculation Date" means, in relation to a Preference Dividend, 25 June and 25 December in each year;
- 41.1.7 "Deemed Value" means for purposes of calculation of the Preference Dividend, the value deemed to be attributed to each Preference Share, being an amount determined by the directors and confirmed by a resolution of the Board at the time of allotment and issue of the first tranche of the Preference Share/s, notwithstanding the Issue Price of each Preference Share which may vary because of a difference in the premium at which the subsequent tranches of the Preference Shares may be issued from time to time thereafter;
- 41.1.8 "Income Tax Act" means the Income Tax Act No. 58 of 1962, as amended from time to time;
- 41.1.9 "Issue Date" means, in relation to a Preference Share, the date on which that Preference Share was issued and allotted pursuant to a resolution of the directors of the Company;
- 41.1.10 "Issue Price" means the actual issue price of each Preference Share;
- 41.1.11 "Ordinary Shares" means ordinary no par value shares in the stated capital of the Company;

- 41.1.12 "Preference Dividend" means a cumulative, non-participating, preference cash dividend calculated in accordance with Article 41.2.4, plus any Arrear Preference Dividend calculated in accordance with Article 41.2.5;
- 41.1.13 "Preference Dividend Payment Date" means, in relation to a Preference Dividend, the date of payment of such Preference Dividend, as determined by a resolution of the directors, and in any event, a date not later than 120 (one hundred and twenty) days after the relevant Calculation Date;
- 41.1.14 "Preference Dividend Period" means the six month period calculated from the day following a Calculation Date until and including the next Calculation Date, provided that the first Preference Dividend Period, in respect of the first tranche of Preference Shares issued, shall be calculated from the Issue Date up to and including the first Calculation Date after the Issue Date;
- 41.1.15 "Preference Dividend Rate" means, in relation to a Preference Share, subject to Article 41.2.7, a rate that will not exceed such percentage of the Average Prime Rate, determined by the directors and confirmed by a resolution of the Board at the Issue Date;
- 41.1.16 "Preference Shareholders" means the registered holders of Preference Shares from time to time;
- 41.1.17 "Preference Shares" means the 40 000 000 non-redeemable, cumulative, nonparticipating no par value preference shares in the stated capital of the Company;
- 41.1.18 "Prime Rate" means the publicly quoted nominal rate of interest expressed as a percentage per annum, compounded monthly in arrear and calculated daily on an actual 365 (three hundred and sixty five) day count fraction from time to time quoted by The Standard Bank of South Africa Limited ("SBSA") as being its prime overdraft rate as certified by any manager of SBSA, whose appointment and/or designation need not be proved. A certificate from any manager of SBSA as to the Prime Rate at any time shall constitute prima facie proof thereof.
- 41.2 The following are the rights, privileges, restrictions and conditions which attach to the Preference Shares:
- 41.2.1 Each Preference Share shall rank as regards to dividends, and a repayment of capital on the winding-up of the Company, prior to the Ordinary Shares and any other class of shares in the capital of the Company not ranking prior to or pari passu with the Preference Shares.
- 41.2.2 Each Preference Share shall confer on the Preference Shareholder the right of a return of capital on the winding-up of the Company, in an amount equal to the aggregate Issue Price of the Preference Shares divided by the number of Preference

Shares then in issue, together with all Arrear Preference Dividends calculated to the date of repayment of capital, in priority to any payment in respect of any other class of shares in the capital of the Company not ranking prior to or pari passu with the Preference Share.

- 41.2.3 Each Preference Share will confer on the Preference Shareholder the right to receive out of the profits of the Company, the Preference Dividend calculated in terms of Article 41.2.4 in priority to any payment of dividends and/or any other payment or distribution made to the holder of any other class of shares in the capital of the Company not ranking prior to or pari passu with the Preference Shares.
- 41.2.4 The Preference Dividend shall be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

 $A = B \times C \times D$ 

where:

- A = the Preference Dividend per Preference Share;
- B = the Deemed Value per Preference Share, as defined in Article 41.1.7;
- C = the Preference Dividend Rate, as defined in Article 41.1.15, in respect of the relevant Preference Dividend Period; and
- D = the number of days in the relevant Preference Dividend Period.
- 41.2.5 Any Arrear Preference Dividend shall be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

where:

- E = the amount of the Arrear Preference Dividend;
- F = the Preference Dividend, or portion of the Preference Dividend, which has not been declared and/or paid;
- G = the Preference Dividend Rate, as defined in Article 41.1.15, which amount is to be compounded monthly in respect of the period in H below;
- H = the number of days from the date 120 (one hundred and twenty) days after the Calculation Date for the applicable Preference Dividend Period, up to the day on which such Arrear Preference Dividend is paid;

which amount will be added to the Preference Dividend to be calculated in relation to the next Preference Dividend Period.

 $E = F \times G \times H$ 

41.2.6 If at any time any Arrear Preference Dividends remain outstanding:

- 41.2.6.1 no dividend may be declared or paid on any Ordinary Share;
- 41.2.6.2 neither the Company nor any subsidiary of the Company may repurchase any of its Ordinary Shares;
- 41.2.6.3 the Company shall not undertake an issue of any shares in lieu of a distribution or payment out of its reserves; and
- 41.2.6.4 the Company may not make any other distribution of any nature to its shareholders.
- 41.2.7 If there is any amendment or amendments to the Income Tax Act that results in the Preference Dividends becoming a deductible expense for the Company, provided such amendment is uniformly applicable to all corporate taxpayers and not only because of the particular circumstances of the Company, the Preference Dividend Rate will be increased by the Company. Such increase will be limited to the extent that the Company incurs less after tax cost in servicing the Preference Shares, which cost savings it would not have obtained but for such amendments to the Income Tax Act. If such amendments to the Income Tax Act do not result in the Company incurring lesser after tax costs in servicing the Preference Shares, then, notwithstanding that such amendment may result in a decrease in the after tax returns of any Preference Shareholder on its holding of Preference Shares, no change shall be made to the Preference Dividend Rate. No changes to the Preference Dividend Rate shall be made as a result of any changes to (including the removal of) the rate of secondary tax on companies (or similar levy applied) which may be applicable to the Company from time to time. The Company shall appoint its auditors to verify whether it is obliged to increase the Preference Dividend Rate in accordance with this Article 41.2.7. The auditors, in deciding whether such increase is required in terms of this Article 41.2.7, shall act as experts and not as arbitrators and their decision shall, in the absence of manifest error, be final and binding on the Company and all Preference Shareholders. The costs of such auditors shall be borne and paid by the Company. Any adjustment to the Preference Dividend Rate pursuant to this Article 41.2.7 shall be effective from the first day of the Preference Dividend Period following such amendment.
- 41.2.8 Save as set out in Articles 41.2.1 to 41.2.7, the Preference Shares shall not be entitled to any participation in the profits or assets of the Company, or on a winding-up in any of the surplus assets of the Company. If there is any amendment or amendments to the Income Tax Act that results in the Preference Dividends becoming taxable in the hands of any Preference Shareholders, then, in respect of the Preference Dividend Period commencing after the introduction of such change and thereafter, the Preference Dividend Rate will be increased by the Company from 75% to 82.5% of the Prime Rate.
- 41.2.9 The holders of the Preference Shares shall be entitled to receive notice of any meeting of the Company and to attend such meetings. However, the holders of the Preference Shares

shall not be entitled to vote either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the Company, by virtue of or in respect of the Preference Shares, unless either or both of the following circumstances prevail at the date upon which notice convening the meeting in question is posted to members:

- 41.2.9.1 the Preference Dividend, or any part thereof, remains in arrear and unpaid as determined in accordance with Article 41.1.1 after 6 (six) months from the relevant Calculation Date; and/or **[L.R. S10.5(h)(i)]**.
- 41.2.9.2 a resolution of the Company is proposed which resolution directly affects the rights attached to the Preference Shares or the interests of the Preference Shareholders, including but not limited to a resolution for the winding-up of the Company or for the reduction of its capital (other than a resolution for the reduction of any capital in lieu of a normal cash dividend to the holders of Ordinary Shares in the Company), in which event the Preference Shareholders shall be entitled to vote only on such resolution [L.R. S10.5(h)(ii)].
- 41.2.10At every general meeting of the Company at which holders of the Preference Shares as well as other classes of shares are present and entitled to vote, a Preference Shareholder shall be entitled to that proportion of the total votes in the Company which the aggregate number of the Preference Shares held by him bears to the total number of all shares issued by the Company and eligible to vote, provided that the total voting rights attributable to the Preference Shares at such meeting shall be limited to a maximum of 24.9% (twenty four point nine percent) of the total voting rights of all the shareholders exercisable at a meeting of all shareholders of the Company. **[L.R. S10.5(c)]**
- 41.2.11At every meeting of the Preference Shareholders (which shall not include any meeting referred to in Article 41.2.12), the provisions of this Memorandum of Incorporation relating to general meetings of ordinary members shall apply, mutatis mutandis, except that a quorum at any such meeting shall be any person or persons holding or representing by proxy at least 25 (twenty-five) per cent of the Preference Shares then in issue, save in the circumstances contemplated in Article 41.2.12, provided that if at any adjournment of such meeting a quorum is not so present, the provisions of this Memorandum of Incorporation relating to adjourned general meetings shall apply, mutatis mutandis.
- 41.2.12The following will require a resolution of holders of not less than 75% (seventy five percent) of the issued Preference Shares passed at a separate general meeting of such holders and at which Preference Shareholders holding at least 75% (seventy five percent) of the Preference Shares then in issue, are present in person or represented by proxy: [L.R. S10.5(f)]
- 41.2.12.1 the creation or issue of shares in the capital of the Company ranking, as regards rights to dividends or, on a winding-up as regards return of capital, in priority to the Preference Shares, provided that the Company shall be entitled to:

- 41.2.12.1.1 create and/or allot and issue further preference shares (whether of the same class as the Preference Shares or not), ranking pari passu with the Preference Shares without former reference to existing Preference Shareholders; and
- 41.2.12.1.2 issue the Preference Shares in tranches, without former reference to the existing Preference Shareholders;
- 41.2.12.1.3 the amendment, variation, addition to or abrogation of any rights and/or entitlements attached to the Preference Shares.
- 41.2.13The Company will not and will not permit any of its subsidiaries to conclude or implement a sale of a major undertaking or assets/s and which constitutes a Category 1 transaction as contemplated in the Listings Requirements unless the Company or such subsidiary, as the case may be, receives consideration at the time of the sale of at least equal to the fair market value of the undertaking or assets or business so sold. The Company or such subsidiary, as the case may be, will apply the cash proceeds of any such sale within a period of 12 (twelve) months from the receipt thereof, to purchase tangible assets to be utilised by the Company on behalf of it or its subsidiaries in the conduct of its/their business, failing which the Company shall make an offer to the Preference Shareholders to redeem the Preference Shares together with any arrear Preference Dividends within a further period of 90 (ninety) days from the 12 (twelve) month period having elapsed.